



Section 1. Identification

Product Identity	Polyethylene Glycol 200
Other means of identification	Polyethylene Glycol, PEG 200

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

applications include automotive products, household products, packaging products, petroleum chemicals, plastics, inks, coatings, adhesives, chemical intermediates, rubber processing, lubricants, metalworking fluids, mold release agents, ceramics, and wood treating

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company Name	Silver Fern Chemical, Inc. 121 W. De La Guerra Street, Suite B Santa Barbara, CA 93101 USA Customer Service: 1-866-282-3384 / info@silverfernchemical.com Website - www.silverfernchemical.com
---------------------	---

24-hour Emergency Telephone No.	Emergency telephone number Infotrac: 1-800-535-5053 Outside USA & Canada +1-352-323-3500
--	---

Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification of the substance or mixture under OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard (1910.1200) revised 2024 (GHS revision 7)

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.



Label elements

[Prevention]

P260 Do not breathe dust, fume, mist, vapors or spray.

[Response]

P314 Get Medical advice or attention if you feel unwell.

[Storage]

No GHS storage statements

[Disposal]

P501 Dispose of contents or container in accordance with local and national regulations.

Other hazards

This product contains no PBT/vPvB/vPvM chemicals.

This product contains no endocrine disrupting chemicals.

Does NOT contain component(s) that meet a 'definition' of per & poly fluoroalkyl substance (PFAS) per the US EPA PFASMASTER combined list of PFAS chemicals.

<h2>Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients</h2>
--



Silver Fern Chemical, Inc.
Safety Data Sheet
Polyethylene Glycol 200

Revision Date:
27 February, 2026

This product contains the following substances that present a hazard within the meaning of the OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard (1910.1200) revised 2024 (GHS revision 7).

Ingredient/Chemical Designations	Weight %	GHS Classification	Notes
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α -hydro- ω -hydroxy- Ethane-1,2-diol, ethoxylated CAS Number: 25322-68-3 Synonyms: a,w-Hydroxypoly(ethylene oxide), ethane-1,2-diol, PEG-32, Polyethylene glycol, Polyethylene Glycol 1000, Polyethylene glycol 3,350, Polyethylene glycol 400	>96%	Not Classified	No data available
Diethylene glycol CAS Number: 111-46-6 Synonyms: Ethanol, 2,2'-oxybis-	<4.0%		No data available
Ethane-1,2-diol CAS Number: 107-21-1 Synonyms: Ethanediol, Ethylene glycol	<=1.0%		No data available

The actual concentration or concentration range is withheld as a trade secret.

*PBT/vPvB - PBT, vPvM or vPvB-substance.

The full texts of the phrases are shown in Section 16.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of first aid measures

General In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air, keep patient warm and at rest. If breathing is irregular or stopped, give artificial respiration. If unconscious, place in the recovery position and obtain immediate medical attention. Give nothing by mouth.

Eyes Rinse with plenty of clean water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart and seek medical attention.

Skin Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use a recognized skin cleanser.

Ingestion If swallowed obtain immediate medical attention. Keep at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed



Overview No specific symptom data available.
No chronic toxicity or long-term toxicity information available. Treat symptomatically. See section 2 for further details.

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Recommended extinguishing media; alcohol resistant foam, CO₂, powder, water spray.
Unsuitable extinguishing media: Do not use; water jet.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous decomposition: During a fire, smoke may contain the original material in addition to combustion products of varying composition which may be toxic and/or irritating. Combustion products may include and are not limited to: Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide...
Do not breathe dust, fume, mist, vapors or spray.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Container may rupture from gas generation in a fire situation. Violent steam generation or eruption may occur upon application of direct water stream to hot liquids.

Advice for fire-fighters

Fire Fighting Procedures: Keep people away. Isolate fire and deny unnecessary entry.. Use water spray to cool fire exposed containers and fire affected zone until fire is out and danger of reignition has passed. Fight fire from protected location or safe distance. Consider the use of unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles. Immediately withdraw all personnel from the area in case of rising sound from venting safety device or discoloration of the container. Do not use direct water stream. May spread fire. Move container from fire area if this is possible without hazard. Burning liquids may be moved by flushing with water to protect personnel and minimize property damage.

Special protective equipment for firefighters: Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective fire fighting clothing (includes fire fighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots, and gloves). If protective equipment is not available or not used, fight fire from a protected location or safe distance...

ERG Guide No.



Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8).
Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet. Promptly remove soiled clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse.

Environmental precautions

Do not allow spills to enter drains or waterways.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Ventilate the area and avoid breathing vapors. Take the personal protective measures listed in section 8.
Contain and absorb spillage with non-combustible materials e.g. sand, earth, and vermiculite. Place in closed containers outside buildings and dispose of according to the Waste Regulations.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Handle containers carefully to prevent damage and spillage.
Spills of these organic materials on hot fibrous insulations may lead to lowering of the autoignition temperatures possibly resulting in spontaneous combustion.
See section 2 for further details. - [Prevention]

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Incompatible materials: Store in original container. Use product promptly after opening.
Avoid prolonged exposure to heat and air. Store in the following material(s): Stainless steel. Polypropylene. Polyethylene-lined container. Teflon. Glass-lined container. Plasite 3066 lined container. Plasite 3070 lined container. 316 stainless steel.
See section 2 for further details. - [Storage]

Specific end use(s)

No available information



Shelf life: Use within
36 Month

Section 8. Exposure controls / personal protection

Control parameters

Exposure Limits

CAS No.	Ingredient	Source	Value
107-21-1	Ethane-1,2-diol	OSHA	No Established Limit
		ACGIH	TWA: 25 ppm (V) Vapor STEL: 50 ppm (V) Vapor, 10 mg/m ³ (l, H)
		NIOSH	no established RELs
111-46-6	Diethylene glycol	OSHA	No Established Limit
		ACGIH	No Established Limit
		NIOSH	No Established Limit
25322-68-3	Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α -hydro- ω -hydroxy- Ethane-1,2-diol, ethoxylated	OSHA	No Established Limit
		ACGIH	No Established Limit
		NIOSH	No Established Limit

Exposure controls

Respiratory If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit they must use the appropriate, certified respirators.

Eyes Protective safety glasses recommended

Skin Avoid skin contact. Protective gloves recommended.

Engineering Controls Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and any vapor below occupational exposure limits suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Other Work Practices Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet. Promptly remove soiled clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse.

See section 2 for further details.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties



Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State	Liquid
Color	Colorless
Odor	Mild
Odor threshold	No available information
Melting point / freezing point	Not applicable to liquids / -65 °C (-85 °F) ASTM D1177
Initial boiling point and boiling range	> 200 °C (> 392 °F) Calculated. Decomposes
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable to liquids
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Lower Explosive Limit: No available information Upper Explosive Limit: No available information
Flash Point	closed cup 185 °C (365 °F) ASTM D 93
Auto-ignition temperature	No available information
Decomposition temperature	No available information
pH	4.5 - 7.0 ASTM E70 (5% aqueous solution)
Viscosity (cSt)	4.1 - 4.8 cSt at 98.9 °C (210.0 °F) ASTM D 445
Solubility in Water	at 20 °C (68 °F) Measured completely soluble
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow)	No available information
Vapor pressure (Pa)	< 0.01 mmHg at 20 °C (68 °F) ASTM E1719
Relative Density	1.127 at 20 °C (68 °F) / 20 °C Calculated.
Vapor Density	7 Calculated.
Evaporation rate (Ether = 1)	No available information
VOC Content	11 g/L EPA Method No. 24
Oxidising properties	No available information
Explosive properties	No available information
Molecular Weight	190 - 210 g/mol Calculated.
Liquid Density	9.379 lb/gln at 20 °C (68 °F) ASTM D4052
Other information	No other relevant information.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity



Reactivity

Hazardous Polymerization will not occur.

Chemical stability

Thermally stable at typical use temperatures.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Exposure to elevated temperatures can cause product to decompose. Generation of gas during decomposition can cause pressure in closed systems.

Incompatible materials

Avoid contact with: Strong acids. Strong bases. Strong oxidizers.

Hazardous decomposition products

Decomposition products depend upon temperature, air supply and the presence of other materials. Decomposition products can include and are not limited to: Aldehydes. Alcohols. Ethers. Carbon dioxide. Carboxylic acids. Polymer fragments.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Note: When no route specific LD50 data is available for an acute toxin, the converted acute toxicity point estimate was used in the calculation of the product's ATE (Acute Toxicity Estimate).

Ingredient	Oral LD50, mg/kg	Skin LD50, mg/kg	Inhalation Vapor LC50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Dust/Mist LC50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Gas LC50, ppm
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α -hydro- ω -hydroxy-Ethane-1,2-diol, ethoxylated - (25322-68-3)	No data available.	No data available.	No data available.	No data available.	No data available.
Diethylene glycol - (111-46-6)	No data available.	11,890.00, Rabbit - Category: NA	No data available.	No data available.	No data available.
Ethane-1,2-diol - (107-21-1)	500.10, Rat - Category: 4	3,501.00, Mouse - Category: 5	No data available.	No data available.	No data available.

Carcinogen Data



Silver Fern Chemical, Inc.
Safety Data Sheet
Polyethylene Glycol 200

Revision Date:
27 February, 2026

CAS No.	Ingredient	Source	Value
107-21-1	Ethane-1,2-diol	OSHA	Regulated Carcinogen: No;
		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No;
		IARC	No
		ACGIH	A4
111-46-6	Diethylene glycol	OSHA	Regulated Carcinogen: No;
		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No;
		IARC	No
		ACGIH	No Established Limit
25322-68-3	Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α -hydro- ω -hydroxy- Ethane-1,2-diol, ethoxylated	OSHA	Regulated Carcinogen: No;
		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No;
		IARC	No
		ACGIH	No Established Limit

Classification	Category	Hazard Description
Acute toxicity (oral)	---	Not Applicable
Acute toxicity (dermal)	---	Not Applicable
Acute toxicity (inhalation)	---	Not Applicable
Skin corrosion/irritation	---	Not Applicable
Serious eye damage/irritation	---	Not Applicable
Respiratory sensitization	---	Not Applicable
Skin sensitization	---	Not Applicable
Germ cell mutagenicity	---	Not Applicable
Carcinogenicity	---	Not Applicable
Reproductive toxicity	---	Not Applicable
STOT-single exposure	---	Not Applicable
STOT-repeated exposure	---	Not Applicable
Aspiration hazard	---	Not Applicable

Possible routes of entry:

Inhalation, ingestion, skin contact, and skin absorption.

Symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

No specific symptom data available.

No chronic toxicity or long-term toxicity information available. Treat symptomatically.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

No additional information provided for this product. See Section 3 for chemical specific data.

Aquatic Ecotoxicity



Silver Fern Chemical, Inc.
Safety Data Sheet
Polyethylene Glycol 200

Revision Date:
27 February, 2026

Ingredient	96 hr LC50 fish, mg/L	48 hr EC50 crustacea, mg/L	ErC50 algae, mg/L
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α -hydro- ω -hydroxy- Ethane-1,2-diol, ethoxylated - (25322-68-3)	> 100.00, Poecilla reticulata	> 100.00, Daphnia magna	> 100.00, Scenedesmus subspicatus
Diethylene glycol - (111-46-6)	32,000.00, Gambusia affinis	8,400.00, Daphnia magna	No data available.
Ethane-1,2-diol - (107-21-1)	72,860.00, Pimephales promelas	101.00, Daphnia magna	3,536.00, Green algae

Persistence and degradability

There is no data available on the preparation itself.

Bioaccumulative potential

No available information

Mobility in soil

No available information

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This product contains no PBT/vPvB/vPvM chemicals.

Other adverse effects

No available information

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

Observe all federal, provincial and local regulations when disposing of this substance.

Section 14. Transport information

UN number	DOT (Domestic Surface Transportation)	IMO / IMDG (Ocean Transportation)	ICAO/IATA
	Not Regulated	Not Regulated	Not Regulated



Silver Fern Chemical, Inc.
Safety Data Sheet
Polyethylene Glycol 200

Revision Date:
27 February, 2026

UN proper shipping name	Not Regulated	Not Regulated	Not Regulated
Transport hazard class(es)	Class: Not Applicable Sub Class: Not Applicable	Class: Not Applicable Sub Class: Not Applicable	Class: Not Applicable Sub Class: Not Applicable
Packing group	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable

Environmental hazards

IMDG Marine Pollutant: No;
Special precautions for user

No available information

Section 15. Regulatory information

Regulatory Overview The regulatory data in Section 15 is not intended to be all-inclusive, only selected regulations are represented.

Classification of the substance or mixture under OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard (1910.1200) revised 2024 (GHS revision 7)

Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA)

CAS Number	Ingredient	Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA)	Comments	Status
0000111-46-6	Diethylene glycol	Yes		ACTIVE
0000107-21-1	Ethane-1,2-diol	Yes		ACTIVE
0025322-68-3	Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α -hydro- ω -hydroxy- Ethane-1,2-diol, ethoxylated	Yes	XU	ACTIVE

The following flags are used:

- Active - indicates commercial status designation of active
- E - indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 5(e) Consent Order under TSCA.
- F - indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 5(f) Rule under TSCA.
- N - indicates a polymeric substance containing no free-radical initiator in its Inventory name but is considered to cover the designated polymer made with any free-radical initiator regardless of the amount used.
- P - indicates a commenced Premanufacture Notice (PMN) substance.
- R - indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 6 risk management rule under TSCA.
- S - indicates a substance that is identified in a final Significant New Uses Rule.
- SP - indicates a substance that is identified in a proposed Significant New Uses Rule.
- T - indicates a substance that is the subject of a final Section 4 test rule under TSCA.
- UVCB Chemical Substances of Unknown or Variable Composition, Complex Reaction Products and Biological Materials •XU - indicates a substance exempt from reporting under the Chemical Data Reporting Rule, (40 CFR 711).



Silver Fern Chemical, Inc.
Safety Data Sheet
Polyethylene Glycol 200

Revision Date:
27 February, 2026

- Y1 - indicates a polymer that has a number-average molecular weight greater than 1,000 and that was exempt under the 1984 polymer exemption rule.
- Y2 - indicates a polymer that is a polyester and that was exempt under the 1984 polymer exemption rule.

EPCRA 302 Extremely Hazardous:

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

EPCRA 313 Toxic Chemicals:

Ethane-1,2-diol

Proposition 65 - Carcinogens (>0.0%):

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxins (>0.0%):

Ethane-1,2-diol

Proposition 65 - Female Repro Toxins (>0.0%):

Ethane-1,2-diol

Proposition 65 - Male Repro Toxins (>0.0%):

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

Proposition 65 Label Warning:



WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including [Ethane-1,2-diol], which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Mass RTK Substances (>1%) :

Ethane-1,2-diol

New Jersey RTK Substances (>1%):

Ethane-1,2-diol

Pennsylvania RTK Substances (>1%):



Diethylene glycol

Ethane-1,2-diol

OSHA Process Safety Management Standard Highly Hazardous Chemicals, Toxics and Reactives:

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

US EPA List of Regulated Substances under the Risk Management Plan (RMP) Program:

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

US EPA Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA) under the Minimum Risk Exemption:

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

U.S. - DEA List II or Essential Chemicals:

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

U.S. - DEA - Exempt Chemical Mixtures - List 1 and 2:

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

US DHS Chemical Facility Anti-Terrorism Standards (CFATS):

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

CERCLA Chemicals and RQs (lbs):

Ethane-1,2-diol (5,000.00)

Section 16. Other information

Revision Date

27 February, 2026



DISCLAIMER OF RESPONSIBILITY

The information on this SDS was obtained from sources which we believe are reliable. However, the information is provided without any warranty, express or implied, regarding its correctness. Some information presented and conclusions drawn herein are from sources other than direct test data on the substance itself. The conditions or methods of handling, storage, use and disposal of the product are beyond our control and may be beyond our knowledge. For this and other reasons, we do not assume damage or expense arising out of or in any way responsibility and expressly disclaim liability for loss, connected with handling, storage, use, or disposal of this product. If the product is used as a component in another product, this SDS information may not be applicable.

The full text of the phrases appearing in section 3 is:

End of Document