

Safety Data Sheet Cyclohexylamine

SECTION 1 - PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

1.1 Product identifier

Product name: Cyclohexylamine

Synonym(s): Aminocyclohexane; CHA; Cyclohexanamine; Hexahydroaniline; Hexahydrobenzenamine

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

General use: For industrial use only; use only in well ventilated areas

Uses advised against: No data available

1.3 Details of the supplier and of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer/Distributor

Silver Fern Chemical, Inc.

121 W De La Guerra Street, Suite B

Santa Barbara, CA 93101 USA

1-866-282-3384

Website - www.silverfernchemical.com; Email - info@silverfernchemical.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

+1-800-535-5053; Outside USA & Canada +1-352-323-3500

SECTION 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of substance or mixture

Product definition: Substance

Classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS) and Regulation EC No. 1272/2008

Flammable Liquid - Category 3 [H226]

Acute Toxicity, Oral - Category 4 [H302]

Acute Toxicity, Dermal - Category 3 [H311]

Skin Corrosion - Category 1B [H314]

Reproductive Toxicity - Category 2 [H361f]

Aquatic Toxicity, Acute - Category 3 [H402]

2.2 Label elements

Hazard symbol(s):



GHS02



GHS06



GHS05



GHS07

Signal word: Danger

Hazard statement(s):
H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor
H302 - Harmful if swallowed
H311 - Toxic in contact with skin
H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H361f - Suspected of damaging fertility
H402 - Harmful to aquatic life

Precautionary statements:

[Prevention]

P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P210 - Keep away from heat, open flames and hot surface. No smoking.
P233 - Keep container tightly closed.
P240 - Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.
P241 + P242 - Use explosion proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools.
P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
P260 - Do not breathe spray, mist or vapor.
P264 - Wash hands and other exposed skin areas thoroughly after handling.
P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P273 - Avoid release to the environment.
P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye protection.

[Response]

P301 + P330 + P331 + P310 - IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. DO NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.

P304 + P340 + P310 - IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
P308 + P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.
P321 - Specific treatment: Immediately contact a POISON CENTER or doctor. Refer to Section 4 of this SDS.
P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
P370 + P378 - In case of fire: Use water fog, foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide for extinction.
P405 + P403 + P233 + P235 - Store locked up in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
P501 - Dispose of contents and containers in accordance with national and local regulations.

[Storage]
[Disposal]

2.3 Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC) or not covered by GHS

None as defined under 29 CFR 1910.1200.

SECTION 3 - COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances

% by Weight	Ingredients	CAS Number	EC Number	Index Number	GHS Classification
75 - 100	Cyclohexylamine	108-91-8	203-629-0	612-050-00-6	H226, H302, H311, H314, H361f

There are no additional ingredients present in this product which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

3.2 Mixtures

Not applicable

SECTION 4 – FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Inhalation: If product mist or vapor causes respiratory irritation or distress, move the exposed person to fresh air immediately. If breathing is difficult or irregular, administer oxygen; if respiratory arrest occurs, start artificial respiration by trained personnel. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim inhaled this substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. If unconscious, maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Seek immediate medical attention.

Eyes: Immediately flush eyes with large amounts of water or saline solution for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids. If possible, keep eyelids apart and away from the eyeball during rinsing. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do after first 2 minutes and continue rinsing. Seek immediate medical attention, preferably from an ophthalmologist.

Skin: Flush skin with large amounts of water while removing contaminated clothing. Wash the affected area with soap and water followed by thorough rinsing. Wash contaminated clothing and shoes before reuse. Seek immediate medical attention in case of chemical burns. If irritation persists, seek medical attention.

Ingestion: Rinse mouth with water if the victim is conscious. Remove dentures if present. DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Vomiting may occur spontaneously. To prevent aspiration of vomit into the lungs, lay the victim on one side with the head lower than the waist. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person. Do not leave the victim unattended. Seek immediate medical attention.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential health symptoms and effects

Eyes: Corrosive to eyes. Causes severe eye irritation and serious eye damage. Symptoms may include inflammation, tearing, burns, blurred vision and pain. May cause permanent eye damage. Risk of blindness!

Skin: Harmful, possibly toxic, if absorbed through the skin. Causes severe skin irritation with localized redness, itching, blisters, burns and pain. Prolonged contact with unprotected skin may cause defatting of the skin and dermatitis. May cause an allergic skin reaction in sensitive individuals.

Inhalation: Harmful if inhaled. This material is extremely destructive to the mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract. May cause severe irritation of the respiratory tract with headache, burning sensation, wheezing, cough, shortness of breath, chest tightness and difficulty breathing. May cause pulmonary edema and inflammation and edema of the larynx and bronchi. This material may get into the lungs during swallowing or vomiting causing chemical pneumonitis, which may be fatal.

Ingestion: Harmful if swallowed. Causes severe irritation of and burns to the digestive tract with headache, sore and/or swollen throat, nausea, vomiting, severe pain and possible death. May cause perforation of the esophagus and stomach. May damage the liver and kidneys.

Chronic: Individuals with pre-existing skin conditions and respiratory disorders may be more susceptible to the effects of this product. Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause drying and cracking of the skin, dermatitis or aggravate existing skin conditions. Chronic inhalation may produce respiratory tract irritation leading to frequent attacks of bronchial infection. May cause permanent damage to the respiratory system. Chronic exposure may damage the liver and kidneys. Cyclohexylamine is suspected of damaging fertility. Refer to Section 11.2.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Advice to doctor and hospital personnel

Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5 – FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable methods of extinction: Use extinguishing media such as water spray or fog, carbon dioxide, foam and dry chemical.

Unsuitable methods of extinction: Water jets or streams may spread the fire.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Flammable liquid and vapor! Vapors are heavier than air and can travel along the ground to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors can spread along the ground and collect in low or confined areas. Exposure to ignition sources can ignite vapors, causing a flash fire. Closed containers may explode due to the buildup of pressure when exposed to extreme heat. During emergency conditions overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent or may be delayed. Obtain medical attention.

Explosion hazards: Avoid sources of ignition. Vapors may form an explosive mixture with air, especially in confined spaces. Ground and bond containers in storage and when container is in use.

5.3 Advice to firefighters

Firefighters should wear full bunker gear including NIOSH-approved positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus to protect against potential hazardous combustion or decomposition products and oxygen deficiencies. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure buildup and possible autoignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat. Firefighters must control runoff to prevent environmental contamination. Notify appropriate authorities of potential fire and explosion hazard if liquid enters sewers or waterways.

SECTION 6 – ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate non-essential personnel. Wear appropriate protective clothing and equipment, including respiratory protection, designated in Section 8.2. Ventilate the area. Remove all sources of ignition. NO SMOKING. Clean up spills immediately. Spill creates a slip hazard.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilled material or runoff and prevent contact with soil and entry into drains, sewers or waterways. Use water sparingly to minimize environmental contamination and reduce disposal requirements.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Approach spill from upwind direction. DO NOT FLUSH SPILL DOWN THE DRAIN. Cover drains and contain spill. Cover spill with a large quantity of inert absorbent. Do not use combustible material such as sawdust. Collect material using non-sparking tools and place into an approved container for proper disposal. Observe possible material restrictions (Sections 7.2 and 10.5). Do not allow material or runoff from rinsing contaminated areas to enter floor drains or storm drains and ditches that lead to waterways. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For indications about waste treatment, see Section 13.

SECTION 7 – STORAGE AND HANDLING

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Wear all appropriate personal protective equipment, including respiratory protection, specified in Section 8.2. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. DO NOT inhale mist or vapor. NO SMOKING. Normal use of this material presents a respiratory hazard; use only adequate ventilation or wear an appropriate respirator. Open containers slowly to control possible pressure release. Immediately change contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing and shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in dry, cool, well-ventilated areas away from incompatible materials (see Section 10.5), food and drink. Keep away from heat and ignition sources. Transfer only to approved containers having correct labeling. Keep containers tightly closed when not in use. Protect containers against physical damage. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Containers are hazardous when empty as they contain product residues. Do not cut, drill, weld, braze, solder grind or perform similar operations on or near empty containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Ventilate closed areas. Keep locked up and out of reach of children.

7.3 Specific end uses

Apart from the uses mentioned in Section 1.2, no other specific uses are stipulated.

SECTION 8 – EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limit values

CAS Number	Ingredient	OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV	NIOSH
108-91-8	Cyclohexylamine	-----	10 ppm TWA	10 ppm; 40 mg/m ³ TWA

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measures: Technical measures and appropriate working operations should be given priority over the use of personal protective

equipment. Use adequate ventilation. Local exhaust is preferable. Use only under a hood in the laboratory. Refer to Section 7.1.

Individual protection measures: Wear protective clothing to prevent repeated or prolonged contact with product. Protective clothing needs to be selected specifically for the workplace, depending on concentrations and quantities of hazardous substances handled. The chemical resistance of the protective equipment should be enquired at the representative supplier.

Hygiene measures: Facilities storing or using this material should be equipped with an eyewash station and safety shower. Change contaminated clothing. Preventive skin protection is recommended. Wash hands thoroughly after use, before eating, drinking, smoking or using the lavatory.

Eye/face protection: Wear protective splash goggles or safety glasses with unperforated side shields and a face shield during use.

Hand protection: Wear gloves made of butyl rubber, Viton® or those recommended by glove supplier for protection against materials in Section 3. Gloves should be impermeable to chemicals and oil. Breakthrough time of selected gloves must be greater than the intended use period.

Skin protection: Wear protective clothing. Wear protective boots if the situation requires.

Respiratory protection: Always under a hood or use an approved respirator when handling this material. Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a half-mask respirator with multi-purpose combination (US) or type ABEK (EN 14387) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU). Follow OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard EN 149.

Environmental exposure controls: Do not empty into drains.

PPE must not be considered a long-term solution to exposure control. PPE usage must be accompanied by employer programs to properly select, maintain, clean fit and use. Consult a competent industrial hygiene resource to determine hazard potential and/or the PPE manufacturers to ensure adequate protection.



Splash Goggles



Gloves



Protective Apron

SECTION 9 – PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Clear, light yellow liquid
Odor	Ammoniacal; fishy
Odor Threshold	No data available
Molecular Weight	99.17 g/mol
Chemical Formula	C ₆ H ₁₃ N
pH	No data available
Freezing/Melting Point	- 17 °C (1.4 °F)
Boiling Point Range	134 °C (273.2 °F)
Evaporation Rate	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable
Flash Point	27 °C (80.6 °F)
Autoignition Temperature	293 °C (559.4 °F)
Decomposition Temperature	No data available
Lower Explosive Limit (LEL)	1.5% (v)
Upper Explosive Limit (UEL)	9.4% (v)
Vapor Pressure	No data available
Vapor Density	3.4 [Air = 1]
Specific Gravity	0.87 @ 25 °C
Viscosity, Dynamic	2.4 mPa.s @ 20 °C
Solubility in Water	Miscible
Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)	log P _{ow} = 1.2 [literature]
Oxidizing Properties	Not applicable
Explosive Properties	Not applicable
Volatiles by Weight @ 21 °C	100%

9.2 Other Data

No data available

SECTION 10 – STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

This material is stable under normal handling conditions and use.

10.2 Chemical Stability

This material is stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Contact with nitrites, nitrates, nitrous acid May liberate nitrosamines. Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

High temperatures, sources of ignition, hot surfaces, contact with incompatible materials, electrostatic charge

10.5 Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents, acids, copper and copper alloys, various plastics

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Thermal decomposition products include oxides of carbon and nitrogen oxides (NO_x).

SECTION 11 – TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute oral toxicity

LD₅₀, rat: 300 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity

LC₅₀, rat: 7,500 mg/m³, 4 h [literature]

Acute dermal toxicity

LD₅₀, rabbit: 277 mg/kg

Skin irritation

Causes severe skin burns.

Eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage. Risk of blindness!

Sensitization

No data available

Carcinogenicity

No data available

Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available

Reproductive toxicity

Suspected of damaging fertility.

Specific organ toxicity - single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific organ toxicity - repeated exposure

No data available

Aspiration hazard

No data available

11.2 Further information

Cyclohexylamine (CAS #108-91-8) is suspected of damaging fertility in males.

This product contains no substances present at levels greater than or equal to the 0.1% threshold (de minimis) that are identified as a probable, possible, potential or confirmed carcinogens by ACGIH, IARC, NTP or OSHA. No data is available regarding the mutagenicity or teratogenicity of this product.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

This substance is acutely harmful to aquatic life.

Acute toxicity to fish:

LC₅₀ - Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout), static test, 96 h: 44 mg/l

Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates:

EC₅₀ - Daphnia magna (Water flea), static test, 48 h: 49 mg/l

Acute toxicity to aquatic plants:

EC₅₀ - Selenastrum capricornutum (Green algae), static test, 90 h: 20 mg/l, growth rate

Acute toxicity to bacteria:

EC₅₀ - Activated sludge (Bacteria), static test, 3 h: 2,152 mg/l

12.2 Persistence and degradability

This product is readily biodegradable.

12.3 Bioaccumulation potential

This material will not bioaccumulate.

12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance is not persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) and not very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

12.6 Other effects

Additional ecological information

Do not allow material to run into surface waters, wastewater or soil.

An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal.

SECTION 13 – DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Methods of disposal: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized whenever possible. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

RCRA F-Series: No listings above the reportable threshold (de minimis)

RCRA U-Series: No listings above the reportable threshold (de minimis)

SECTION 14 – TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

Note: Transportation information provided is for reference only. Customer is urged to consult 49 CFR 100 - 177, IMDG, IATA, EC, United Nations TDG and WHMIS (Canada) TDG information manuals for detailed regulations and exceptions covering specific container sizes, packaging materials and methods of shipping.

Limited quantity for corrosive liquids in packing Group III when inner packagings are not over 1.0 liter (0.3 gallon) net capacity each, packed in a strong outer packaging.

USA DOT (Ground Transportation) - Bulk and Non-bulk

Proper Shipping Name	Cyclohexylamine
Hazard Class	8, 3
UN	UN2357
Packing Group	II
NAREG	Guide #132
Packaging Authorization	Non-Bulk: 49 CFR 173.202; Bulk: 173.243
Packaging Exceptions	49 CFR 173.154

IMO/IMDG (Water Transportation)

Proper Shipping Name	Cyclohexylamine
Hazard Class	8, 3
UN	UN2357
Packing Group	II
Marine Pollutant	No
EMS Number	F-E, S-C

ICAO/IATA (Air Transportation)

Proper Shipping Name	Cyclohexylamine
Hazard Class	8, 3
UN	UN2357
Packing Group	II
Quantity Limitations	49 CFR 175.27 and 175.75 - Cargo Aircraft Only: 30 l; Passenger Aircraft: 1 l

RID/ADR (Rail Transportation)

Proper Shipping Name	Cyclohexylamine
Hazard Class	8, 3
UN	UN2357
Packing Group	II

Drum Label(s)



SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for substance or mixture

U. S. Federal Regulations

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard: This material is classified as hazardous in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1910-1200.

OSHA Process Safety Management Standard: This product is not regulated under OSHA PSM Standard 29 CFR 1910.119.

EPA Risk Management Planning Standard: This product is not regulated under EPA RMP Standard (RMP) 40 CFR Part 68.

EPA Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act: This product is not a registered Pesticide under the FIFRA, 40 CFR Part 150.

Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA) Inventory: All substances in this product are listed on the TSCA Inventory. This product is not subject to TSCA 12(b) Export Notification.

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b)) and 1310.4(f)(2)) and Chemical Code Number
Not listed

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) Lists 1 & 2, Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c)) and Code Number: Not listed

Department of Homeland Security (DHS) Chemical Facility Anti-Terrorism Standards (CFATS) Chemicals

Cyclohexylamine (CAS #108-91-8)

Release: Minimum Concentration = 1.00%

Release: Screening threshold quantity = 15,000 lb

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA)

SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Categories

Flammable liquid and vapor

Toxic in contact with skin

Suspected of damaging fertility

Harmful if swallowed

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

SARA 313 Information: None of the components of this product subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to Know Act of 1986.

SARA 302/304 Extremely Hazardous Substance: Cyclohexylamine (CAS #108-91-8) is subject to the reporting levels established by of these sections of Title III of SARA. Threshold planning quantity (TPQ) = 10,000 lb

SARA 302/304 Emergency Planning & Notification: Cyclohexylamine (CAS #108-91-8) is subject to the reporting levels established by of these sections of Title III of SARA. Reportable quantity (RQ) = 10,000 lb

Comprehensive Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA): This product contains no CERCLA reportable substances.

Clean Air Act (CAA)

Cyclohexylamine is a Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAP) designated in CAA Section 112 (b).

This product does not contain Class 1 Ozone depleters.

This product does not contain Class 2 Ozone depleters.

Clean Water Act (CWA)

This product does not contain Hazardous Substances.

This product does not contain Priority Pollutants.

This product does not contain Toxic Pollutants.

U.S. State Regulations

California Prop 65, Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986

This product contains no chemical(s) known to the state of California to cause cancer birth defects or reproductive harm in concentrations that exceed the threshold (de minimis) reporting levels established under Proposition 65.

Other U.S. State Inventories

Cyclohexylamine (CAS #108-91-8) is listed on the following State Hazardous Substance Inventories, Right-to-Know lists and/or Air Quality/Air Pollutants lists: CA, DE, MN, NY, PA, RI, WI.

Canada

WHMIS Hazard Classification

No data available

Canadian National Pollutant Release Inventory (NPRI): This substance is not listed on the NPRI.

European Economic Community

WGK, Germany (Water danger/protection): 1 (slightly hazardous to water)

Global Chemical Inventory Lists

Country	Inventory Name	Listed
Canada	Domestic Substance List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substance List (NDSL)	No
Europe	Inventory of New and Existing Chemicals (EINECS)	Yes
United States	Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA)	Yes
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)	Yes
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (KECL)	Yes
Philippines	Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes

*Yes - All components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country.

No - One or more components of this product are not on the inventory or are exempt from listing.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

For this product a chemical safety assessment was not carried out.

SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION

Hazardous Material Information System (HMIS)

HEALTH	3
FLAMMABILITY	2
PHYSICAL HAZARD	0
PERSONAL PROTECTION	C

C = splash goggles, gloves
& apron

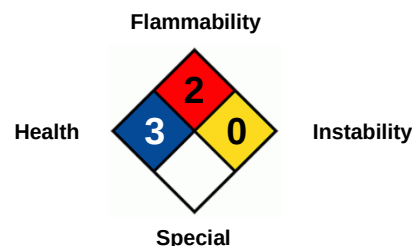
HMIS Hazard Rating Legend

0 = Minimal 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate
3 = Serious 4 = Severe
* = Chronic Health Hazard

NFPA Hazard Rating Legend

0 = Insignificant 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate
3 = High 4 = Extreme

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA)



Abbreviation Key

ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists	LD ₅₀	Lowest Lethal Dose
ADR	Accord Dangereux Routier (European regulations concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by road)	mppcf	Millions of Particles Per Cubic Foot
CAS	Chemical Abstract Services	NA	North America
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations	NAERG	North American Emergency Response Guide Book
COC	Cleveland Open Cup	NIOSH	National Institute for Occupational Safety & Health
DOT	Department of Transportation	NTP	National Toxicology Program
EC ₅₀	Half maximal effective concentration	OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration
EMS	Emergency Response Procedures for Ships Carrying	PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulating and Toxic
EPA	Environmental Protection Agency	PEL	Permissible exposure limit
ErC ₅₀	Reduction of Growth Rate	PMCC	Pensky-Martens Closed Cup
ERG	Emergency Response Guide Book	ppm	Parts Per Million
FDA	Food and Drug Administration	RCRA	Resource Conservation and Recovery Act
GHS	Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS)	RID	Dangerous Goods by Rail
HCS	Hazard Communication Standard	RQ	Reportable Quantity
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer	TCC/Tag	Tagliabue Closed Cup
IATA	International Air Transport Association	TLV	Threshold Limit Value
IC ₅₀	Half Maximal Inhibitory Concentration	TSCA	Toxic Substance Control Act
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization	TWA	Time-weighted Average
IDLH	Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health	UN	United Nations
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods	VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds
IMO	International Maritime Organization	vPvB	Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulating
LC ₅₀	50% Lethal Concentration	WHMIS	Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System
LD ₅₀	50% Lethal Dose		

DISCLAIMER OF RESPONSIBILITY

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