

SILVER FERN CHEMICAL, INC.

Safety Data Sheet

p-Chlorobenzotrifluoride (PCBTF)

SECTION 1 - PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

1.1 Product identifier

Product name: p-Chlorobenzotrifluoride (PCBTF)

Synonym(s): para-Chlorobenzotrifluoride; 1-Chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)benzene; 4-Chloro-a,a,a-trifluorotoluene; p-Chlorotrifluoromethylbenzene

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

General use: None specified

Uses advised against: Use only in well ventilated areas.

1.3 Details of the supplier and of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer/Distributor

Silver Fern Chemical, Inc.

2226 Queen Anne Avenue North Suite C Seattle, WA 98109 USA 1-866-282-3384

Website - www.silverfernchemical.com; email address - info@silverfernchemical.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

+1-800-535-5053; Outside USA & Canada +1-352-323-3500

SECTION 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of substance or mixture

Product definition: Mixture

Classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS) and Regulation EC No. 1272/2008

Flammable Liquid - Category 3 [H226] Skin irritation - Category 2 [H315] Eye irritation - Category 2A [H319]

Single Target Organ Toxicity, Single Exposure - Category 3; STOT SE 3 [H335]

Aquatic Toxicity, Chronic - Category 2 [H411]

2.2 Label elements

Hazard symbol(s):







Signal word: Warning

Hazard statement(s): H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor

H315 - Causes skin irritation H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

H411- Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary statements:

[Prevention] P210 - Keep away from heat, open flames and hot surface. No smoking.

P233 - Keep container tightly closed.

P240 - Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 + P242 - Use explosion proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P261 - Avoid breathing fumes, vapor and mist.

P264 - Wash hands and other skin areas exposed to material thoroughly after handling.

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P273 - Collect spillage.

P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye protection.

[Response] P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or

shower.

P304 + P340 + P311 - IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a comfortable position for breathing.

Call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P321 + P313 - Specific treatment: Contact a POISON CENTER or doctor. Refer to Section 4 of this SDS.

P332 + P337 + P313 - If skin irritation occurs or if eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

P362 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

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P370 + P378 - In case of fire: Use water fog, foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide for extinction.

P391 - Collect spillage.

P405 + P403 + P235 - Store locked up in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool. [Storage]

P501 - Dispose of contents in accordance with national and local regulations. [Disposal]

2.3 Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC) or not covered by GHS

None known

SECTION 3 - COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances

% by Weight	Ingredient	CAS Number	EC Number	Index Number	GHS Classification
> 99	4-Chlorobenzotrifluoride	98-56-6	202-681-1		H226, H315, H319, H335, H411

There are no additional ingredients present in this product which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

3.2 Mixtures

Not applicable

SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Inhalation: If product mist or vapor causes respiratory irritation or distress, move the exposed person to fresh air immediately. If breathing is difficult or irregular, administer oxygen; if respiratory arrest occurs, start artificial respiration by trained personnel. If unconscious, maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If symptoms persist or if the victim feels unwell, seek medical attention.

Eyes: Immediately flush eyes with large amounts of water or saline solution for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do, after first 2 minutes and continue rinsing. If irritation persists seek medical attention, preferably from an ophthalmologist.

Skin: Flush skin with large amounts of water while removing contaminated clothing. Wash the affected area with soap and water followed by thorough rinsing. Wash contaminated clothing and shoes before reuse. If irritation persists, seek medical attention.

Ingestion: Rinse mouth with water if the victim is conscious. Remove dentures if present. DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Vomiting may occur spontaneously. To prevent aspiration of material into the lungs, lay the victim on one side with the head lower than the waist. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person. Do not leave the victim unattended. Seek immediate medical attention.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential health symptoms and effects

Eyes: Causes serious eye irritation with redness, swelling, pain, tearing and blurred vision. Vapors and fumes can cause eye irritation.

Skin: May cause skin irritation with localized redness, itching and discomfort. Prolonged contact may cause defatting of the skin and dermatitis. May be harmful if absorbed through the skin.

Inhalation: Inhalation of mist or vapor causes irritation of the respiratory tract. Symptoms may include coughing, wheezing, a burning sensation, laryngitis, shortness of breath, headache, nausea, vomiting, lung irritation, chest pain, edema (which may be fatal) and irritation to mucous membranes. PCBTF is also extremely destructive to tissue of the mucous membranes. High vapor concentrations cause anesthetic effects. May be harmful if inhaled.

Ingestion: Causes irritation of the digestive tract with nausea, vomiting, abdominal pain and diarrhea. Causes central nervous system effects including dizziness, drowsiness, weakness, fatique, headache and unconsciousness. May cause damage to the liver and kidneys. Causes depression of the central nervous system with effects similar to those of inhalation. Harmful if swallowed. This material can get into the lungs during swallowing or vomiting. This results in lung inflammation and other lung injury. Symptoms of aspiration into the lungs include coughing, gasping, choking, shortness of breath, bluish colored skin, rapid breathing and rapid heart rate

Chronic: Individuals with pre-existing skin conditions and respiratory disorders may be more susceptible to the effects of this product. Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause drying and cracking of the skin, dermatitis or aggravate existing skin conditions. PCBTF can cause liver and kidney damage. Effects may be delayed.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Advice to doctor and hospital personnel

Administration of adsorbents such as activated charcoal may be of value. Gastric lavage may be effective when performed by a physician within 4 hours of ingestion. This material is an aspiration hazard. Potential danger from aspiration must be weighed against possible oral toxicity when deciding whether to induce vomiting. Treat symptomatically and supportively. Effects may be delayed.

SECTION 5 – FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

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Suitable methods of extinction: Use extinguishing media such as water spray or fog, carbon dioxide, foam and dry chemical. Unsuitable methods of extinction: Water jets or streams may spread the fire.

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5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Flammable liquid and vapor! Vapors are heavier than air and can travel along the ground to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors can spread along the ground and collect in low or confined areas. Exposure to ignition sources (e.g. cell phones) can ignite vapors, causing a flash fire. Closed containers may explode due to the buildup of pressure when exposed to extreme heat. During emergency conditions overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent or may be delayed. Obtain medical attention.

Explosion hazards: Avoid sources of ignition. Vapors may form an explosive mixture with air, especially in confined spaces. Ground and bond containers in storage and when container is in use.

5.3 Advice to firefighters

Firefighters should wear full bunker gear including NIOSH-approved positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus to protect against potential hazardous combustion or decomposition products and oxygen deficiencies. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure buildup and possible autoignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat. If possible, firefighters should control runoff to prevent environmental contamination. Notify appropriate authorities of potential fire and explosion hazard if liquid enters sewers or waterways.

SECTION 6 – ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate non-essential personnel. Wear appropriate protective clothing and equipment designated in Section 8.2. Ventilate the area. Remove all sources of ignition. NO SMOKING. Clean up spills immediately. Spill creates a slip hazard.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilled material or runoff and prevent contact with soil and entry into drains, sewers or waterways.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Approach spill from upwind direction. Cover drains and contain spill. Cover spill with a large quantity of inert absorbent. Do not use combustible material such as sawdust. Collect material using non-sparking tools and place into an approved container for proper disposal. Observe possible material restrictions (Sections 7.2 and 10.5). Do not allow material or runoff from rinsing contaminated areas to enter floor drains or storm drains and ditches that lead to waterways. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For indications about waste treatment, see Section 13.

SECTION 7 – STORAGE AND HANDLING

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Wear all appropriate personal protective equipment specified in Section 8.2. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not inhale mist or vapor. NO SMOKING. If normal use of material presents a respiratory hazard, use only adequate ventilation or wear an appropriate respirator. Open containers slowly to control possible pressure release. Wash contaminated clothing and shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in dry, cool, well-ventilated areas away from incompatible materials (see Section 10.5), food and drink. Keep away from heat and ignition sources. Do not store in direct sunlight. Transfer only to approved containers having correct labeling. Keep containers tightly closed when not in use. Protect containers against physical damage. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Containers are hazardous when empty as they contain product residue. Do not cut, drill, weld, braze, solder grind or perform similar operations on or near empty containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Ventilate closed areas. Keep out of reach of children.

7.3 Specific end uses

Apart from the uses mentioned in Section 1.2, no other specific uses are stipulated.

<u>SECTION 8 – EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION</u>

8.1 Control parameters

Contains no substances with occupational exposure limits.

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measures: Technical measures and appropriate working operations should be given priority over the use of personal protective equipment. Use adequate ventilation. Local exhaust is preferable. Refer to Section 7.1.

Individual protection measures: Wear protective clothing to prevent repeated or prolonged contact with product. Protective clothing needs to be selected specifically for the workplace, depending on concentrations and quantities of hazardous substances handled. The chemical resistance of the protective equipment should be enquired at the representative supplier.

Hygiene measures: Facilities storing or using this material should be equipped with an eyewash station and safety shower. Change contaminated clothing. Preventive skin protection is recommended. Wash hands thoroughly after use, before eating, drinking, smoking or using the lavatory.

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Eye/face protection: Wear safety glasses with unperforated side shields or protective splash goggles during use.

Hand protection: Wear gloves made of Viton™ or those recommenced by glove supplier for protection against materials in Section 3. Gloves should be impermeable to chemicals and oil. Breakthrough time of selected gloves must be greater than the intended use period.

Skin protection: Wear protective clothing. Wear protective boots if the situation requires.

Respiratory protection: Always use an approved respirator when vapor/aerosols exceed permissible exposure limits. Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a half-mask respirator with multi-purpose combination (US) or type ABEK (EN 14387) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU). Follow OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard EN 149.

Environmental exposure controls: Do not empty into drains.

PPE must not be considered a long-term solution to exposure control. PPE usage must be accompanied by employer programs to properly select, maintain, clean fit and use. Consult a competent industrial hygiene resource to determine hazard potential and/or the PPE manufacturers to ensure adequate protection







SECTION 9 – PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Clear, colorless liquid

Odor Aromatic

Freezing/Melting Point - 36 °C (- 32.8 °F)

Boiling Point Range 136 - 138 °C (277 - 280 °F)

Evaporation Rate 0.9 [n-BuOAc = 1] Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable

Flash Point

42 °C (104 °F), closed cup
Autoignition Temperature

> 500 °C (> 932 °F)

Decomposition Temperature

No data available

Lower Explosive Limit (LEL)

10 5% (v/v)

Upper Explosive Limit (UEL) 10.5% (v/v)
Vapor Pressure 7.63 mm Hg @ 25 °C

 Vapor Density
 6.2 [Air = 1]

 Specific Gravity
 1.3530

Viscosity

O.67 cP @ 38 °C

Solubility in Water

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Oxidizing Properties

Explosive Properties

Not applicable

Not applicable

Volatiles by Weight @ 21 °C 100%

9.2 Other Data None known

SECTION 10 – STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

This material is stable under normal handling conditions and use.

10.2 Chemical Stability

This material is stable under recommended storage conditions. p-Chlorobenzotrifluoride is sensitive to heat and light.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Vapors may form explosive mixture with air. Reacts vigorously with oxidizing materials such as permanganates and dichromates. Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

High temperatures, sources of ignition, hot surfaces, contact with incompatible materials.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents, strong bases, sodium dimethyl sulfonate

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10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Thermal decomposition products include oxides of carbon, toxic fumes of hydrogen chloride and hydrogen fluoride and possibly organic fluoride.

SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute oral toxicity LD₅₀, rat: 13 g/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity LC₅₀, rat: 33 mg/l, 4 h

Acute dermal toxicity

LD₅₀, guinea pig: > 2.7 g/kg

Skin irritation Causes skin irritation.

Eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

Sensitization

No data available

Genotoxicity in vitro

No data available

Mutagenicity

No data available

Specific organ toxicity - single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation, drowsiness or dizziness.

Specific organ toxicity - repeated exposure

No data available

Aspiration hazard

No data available

11.2 Further information

This product contains no substances present at levels greater than or equal to the 0.1% threshold (de minimis) that are identified as probable, possible, potential or confirmed carcinogens by ACGIH, IARC, NTP or OSHA. No data is available regarding the mutagenicity or teratogenicity of this product, nor is there any available data that indicates it causes adverse developmental or fertility effects.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

LC₅₀ - Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill), 96 h: 5.6 mg/l Toxicity to fish: EC₅₀ - Daphnia magna (water flea), 48 h: 3.7 - 5.6 mg/l Toxicity to aquatic invertebrates:

NOEC - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), 72 h: 0.41 mg/l Toxicity to aquatic plants:

12.2 Persistence and degradability

This product is not readily biodegradable.

12.3 Bioaccumulation potential

This material has the potential to bioaccumulate.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Insoluble in water; moves slowly through soil.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available

12.6 Other effects

Additional ecological information

Do not allow material to run into surface waters, wastewater or soil.

An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal.

SECTION 13 – DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

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Methods of disposal: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized whenever possible. Empty containers or liners may retain some

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product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

RCRA F-Series: No listings above the reportable threshold (de minimis) RCRA U-Series: No listings above the reportable threshold (de minimis)

SECTION 14 – TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

Note: Transportation information provided is for reference only. Customer is urged to consult 49 CFR 100 - 177, IMDG, IATA, EC, United Nations TDG and WHMIS (Canada) TDG information manuals for detailed regulations and exceptions covering specific container sizes, packaging materials and methods of shipping.

Limited quantity for miscellaneous materials in Packing Group III when inner packagings are not over 5.0 liters (1.3 gallons) net capacity each, packed in a strong outer packaging.

USA DOT (Ground Transportation) - Bulk and Non-bulk

Proper Shipping Name Chlorobenzotrifluorides

 Hazard Class
 3

 UN/NA
 UN2234

 Packing Group
 III

 NEAREG
 Guide #130

Packaging Authorization Non-Bulk: 49 CFR 173.203; Bulk: 173.242

Packaging Exceptions 49 CFR 173.150

IMO/IMDG (Water Transportation)

Proper Shipping Name Chlorobenzotrifluorides

 Hazard Class
 3

 UN/NA
 UN2234

 Packing Group
 III

 Marine Pollutant
 No

 EMS Number
 F-E, S-D

ICAO/IATA (Air Transportation)

Proper Shipping Name Chlorobenzotrifluorides

Hazard Class 3
UN/NA UN234
Packing Group III

Quantity Limitations 49 CFR 175.27 and 175.75 - Cargo Aircraft Only: 220 I; Passenger Aircraft: 60 I

RID/ADR (Rail Transportation)

Proper Shipping Name Chlorobenzotrifluorides

Hazard Class 3 UN/NA UN2234 Packing Group III

SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for substance or mixture

U. S. Federal Regulations

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard: This material is classified as hazardous in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1910-1200.

OSHA Process Safety Management Standard: This product is not regulated under OSHA PSM Standard 29 CFR 1910.119.

EPA Risk Management Planning Standard: This product is not regulated under EPA RMP Standard (RMP) 40 CFR Part 68.

EPA Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act: This product is not a registered Pesticide under the FIFRA, 40 CFR Part 150.

Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA) Inventory: All substances in this product are listed on the TSCA Inventory. This product is not subject to TSCA 12(b) Export Notification.

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b)) and 1310.4(f)(2)) and Chemical Code Number No listing

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) Lists 1 & 2, Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c)) and Code Number: No listing

Department of Homeland Security (DHS) Chemical Facility Anti-Terrorism Standards (CFATS) Chemicals: No listing

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA)

SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Categories

Flammable liquid and vapor Causes skin irritation serious eye irritation

May cause respiratory irritation

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SARA 313 Information: None of the components of the product exceed the threshold (de minimis) reporting requirements of Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to Know Act of 1986.

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Drum Label(s)



SARA 302/304 Extremely Hazardous Substance: None of the components of the product exceed the threshold (de minimis) reporting levels of established by these sections of Title III of SARA.

SARA 302/304 Emergency Planning & Notification: None of the components of the product exceed the threshold (de minimis) reporting levels established by of these sections of Title III of SARA.

Comprehensive Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA): This product contains no CERCLA reportable substances.

Clean Air Act (CAA)

This product does not contain Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) designated in CAA Section 112 (b).

This product does not contain Class 1 Ozone depletors.

This product does not contain Class 2 Ozone depletors.

Clean Water Act (CWA)

p-Chlorobenzotrifluoride (CAS #98-56-6) is not listed as a Hazardous Substance under the CWA.

This product does not contain Priority Pollutants.

This product does not contain Toxic Pollutants.

U.S. State Regulations

California Prop 65, Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986

WARNING: This product will expose you to 4-Chlorobenzotrifluoride, which is known to the state of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Other U.S. State Inventories

This material meets the OECD definition of a PFAS (perfluoroalkyl substance), and as such may be subject to regulation at the state level in one or more U.S. states.

Canada

WHMIS Hazard Classification: No data available

Canadian National Pollutant Release Inventory (NPRI): This substance is not listed on the NPRI.

European Economic Community

WGK, Germany (Water danger/protection): 2 (hazardous to waters)

Global Chemical Inventory Lists

Country	Inventory Name	Listed
Canada	Domestic Substance List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substance List (NDSL)	No
Europe	Inventory of New and Existing Chemicals (EINECS)	Yes
United States	Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA)	Yes
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)	Yes
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (KECI)	Yes
Philippines	Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes

^{*}Yes - All components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

For this product a chemical safety assessment was not carried out.

SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION

Hazardous Material Information System (HMIS)



C = safety glasses, gloves and an apron

HMIS Hazard Rating Legend

0 = Minimal 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate

3 = Serious 4 = Severe

* = Chronic Health Hazard

NFPA Hazard Rating Legend

0 = Insignificant 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate

3 = High 4 = Extreme

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA)



Instability

Specia

Abbreviation Key

CAS

ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

ADR Accord Dangereux Routier (European regulations concerning

the international transport of dangerous goods by road)

Chemical Abstract Services

LD_{Lo} Lowest Lethal Dose

mppcf Millions of Particles Per Cubic Foot

NA North America

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No - One or more components of this product are not on the inventory or are exempt from listing.

CFR	Code of Federal Regulations	NAERG	North American Emergency Response Guide Book
COC	Cleveland Open Cup	NIOSH	National Institute for Occupational Safety & Health
DOT	Department of Transportation	NTP	National Toxicology Program
EC ₅₀	Half maximal effective concentration	OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration
EMS	Emergency Response Procedures for Ships Carrying	PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulating and Toxic
EPA	Environmental Protection Agency	PEL	Permissible exposure limit
ErC ₅₀	Reduction of Growth Rate	PMCC	Pensky-Martens Closed Cup
ERG	Emergency Response Guide Book	ppm	Parts Per Million
FDA	Food and Drug Administration	RCRA	Resource Conservation and Recovery Act
GHS	Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of	RID	Dangerous Goods by Rail
	Chemicals (GHS)		
HCS	Hazard Communication Standard	RQ	Reportable Quantity
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer	TCC/Tag	Tagliabue Closed Cup
IATA	International Air Transport Association	TLV	Threshold Limit Value
IC ₅₀	Half Maximal Inhibitory Concentration	TSCA	Toxic Substance Control Act
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization	TWA	Time-weighted Average
IDLH	Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health	UN	United Nations
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods	VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds
IMO	International Maritime Organization	vPvB	Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulating
LC ₅₀	50% Lethal Concentration	WHMIS	Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System
LD_{50}	50% Lethal Dose		

DISCLAIMER OF RESPONSIBILITY

The information on this SDS was obtained from sources which we believe are reliable. However, the information is provided without any warranty, expressed or implied, regarding its correctness. Some information presented and conclusions drawn herein are from sources other than direct test data on the substance itself. The conditions or methods of handling, storage, use and disposal of the product are beyond our control and may be beyond our knowledge. For this and other reasons, we do not assume damage or expense arising out of or in any way responsibility and expressly disclaim liability for loss, connected with handling, storage, use, or disposal of this product. If the product is used as a component in another product, this SDS information may not be applicable.

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