Section 1. Identification

Product Identity Polyethylene Glycol 6000
Other means of identification Polyethylene Glycol PEG 6000

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Laboratory chemicals, Manufacture of substances

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company Name

Silver Fern Chemical, Inc.
121 W. De La Guerra Street, Suite B
Santa Barbara, CA 93101 USA

info@silverfernchemical.com
Website - www.silverfernchemical.com

24-hour Emergency Telephone No.

Emergency telephone number:
Infotrac: 1-800-535-5053
Outside USA & Canada +1-352-323-3500

Customer Service: Customer Service: 1-866-282-3384

Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

Emergency Overview

WARNING! MAY FORM COMBUSTIBLE DUST CONCENTRATIONS IN AIR (DURING PROCESSING)

Classification of the substance or mixture under OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard (1910.1200) revised 2024 (GHS revision 7)

Combustible Dust	May form combustible dust concentrations in air.

The substance is not classified according to the OSHA Hazcom or WHMIS regulations.

Label elements

Warning

The substance is not classified according to the OSHA Hazcom or WHMIS regulations.

[Prevention]
No GHS prevention statements
[Response]
No GHS response statements
[Storage]
No GHS storage statements
[Disposal]
No GHS disposal statements

Other hazards
May form combustible dust concentrations in air.

This product contains no PBT/vPvB/vPvM chemicals.
This product contains no endocrine disrupting chemicals.

Does NOT contain component(s) that meet a 'definition' of per & poly fluoroalkyl substance (PFAS) per the US EPA PFASMASTER combined list of PFAS chemicals.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

This product contains the following substances that present a hazard within the meaning of the OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard (1910.1200) revised 2024 (GHS revision 7).

Ingredient/Chemical Designations	Weight %	GHS Classification	Notes
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl),α-hydro-ω-hydroxy- Ethane-1,2-diol, ethoxylated CAS Number: 25322-68-3 Synonyms: Polyethylene Glycol	100	Not Classified	No data available

The actual concentration or concentration range is withheld as a trade secret.
*PBT/vPvB - PBT, vPvM or vPvB-substance.
The full texts of the phrases are shown in Section 16.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of first aid measures

General In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air, keep patient warm and at rest. If breathing is irregular or stopped, give artificial respiration. If unconscious, place in the recovery position and obtain immediate medical attention. Give nothing by mouth.

Eyes Rinse with plenty of clean water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart and seek medical attention.

Skin Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use a recognized skin cleanser.

Ingestion If swallowed obtain immediate medical attention. Keep at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Overview No specific symptom data available.
No chronic toxicity or long-term toxicity information available. Treat symptomatically. See section 2 for further details.

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Recommended extinguishing media; alcohol resistant foam, CO_2, powder, water spray.
Unsuitable extinguishing media: Do not use; water jet.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Explosion: Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard.
Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No Smoking.
Keep container tightly closed.
Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.
Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, light, equipment.
Avoid breathing dust, fumes, gas, mist, vapors, spray.

Advice for fire-fighters

As with all fires, wear positive pressure, self-contained breathing apparatus, (SCBA) with a full-face piece and protective clothing. Persons without respiratory protection should leave area. Wear SCBA during clean-up immediately after fire. No smoking. Dust explosions are possible.

ERG Guide No. ----

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8).
Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet. Promptly remove soiled clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse.

Environmental precautions

Explosion: Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard.
Do not allow spills to enter drains or waterways.
Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Sweep or vacuum to clean up spills. Do not use any procedure which causes dispersion of dust into the air if any possibility of ignition exists. Dispose of in accordance with local, state and federal regulations.
When heated to decomposition, carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide are produced.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Sweep or vacuum to clean up spills. Do not use any procedure which causes dispersion of dust into the air if any possibility of ignition exists. Dispose of in accordance with local, state and federal regulations.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling
Handle containers carefully to prevent damage and spillage.
Avoid dust generation when handling product to minimize dust explosion potential.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Routine housekeeping should be instituted to ensure that dust does not accumulate on surfaces. Dry powders can build static electricity charges when subjected to the friction of transfer and mixing operations. Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding and bonding, or inert atmospheres. When heated to decomposition, carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide are produced.

Incompatible materials: Strong oxidizing agents.

Specific end use(s)
No available information

Section 8. Exposure controls / personal protection

Control parameters

Exposure Limits

CAS No.	Ingredient	Source	Value
25322-68-3	Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl),α-hydro-ω-hydroxy- Ethane-1,2-diol, ethoxylated	OSHA	No Established Limit
		ACGIH	No Established Limit
		NIOSH	No Established Limit

The exposure limits for nuisance dust are: OSHA PEL: 15 mg/m^3(50 mppcf*) TWA, ACGIH 10 mg/m^3.

Exposure controls

Respiratory If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit they must use the appropriate, certified respirators.

Eyes Protective safety glasses recommended

Skin Avoid skin contact. Protective gloves recommended.

Engineering Controls Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and any vapor below occupational exposure limits suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Other Work Practices Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet. Promptly remove soiled clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse.

See section 2 for further details.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State	Solid or Powder
Color	White
Odor	Odorless
Odor threshold	No available information
Melting point / freezing point	50 – 60 °C
Initial boiling point and boiling range	> 300 °C
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not Applicable

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Lower Explosive Limit: No available information Upper Explosive Limit: No available information
Flash Point	270 °C (Open cup)
Auto-ignition temperature	> 320 °C
Decomposition temperature	No available information
pH	4.5 – 7.5
Kinematic viscosity	No available information
Solubility in Water	Soluble
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow)	No available information
Vapor pressure (Pa)	< 0.01 mm Hg at 20°C
Relative Density	1.116 g/cm^{3}at 20 °C at 975.5 hPa - OECD Test Guideline 109
Vapor Density	No available information
Evaporation rate (Ether = 1)	No available information
Oxidising properties	No available information
Explosive properties	No available information
Material in powder form is hygroscopic.	Hygroscopic
Molecular Mass	5000 – 7000 g/mol

Other information
No other relevant information.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity
Hazardous Polymerization will not occur.
Chemical stability
Stable under normal circumstances.
Possibility of hazardous reactions
No available information
Conditions to avoid
Avoid high temperatures and contact with incompatible material. Direct sunlight.

Overheating. Moisture.

Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition products

When heated to decomposition, carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide are produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Note: When no route specific LD50 data is available for an acute toxin, the converted acute toxicity point estimate was used in the calculation of the product's ATE (Acute Toxicity Estimate).

Ingredient	Oral LD50, mg/kg	Skin LD50, mg/kg	Inhalation Vapor LC50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Dust/Mist LC50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Gas LC50, ppm
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl),α-hydro-ω-hydroxy- Ethane-1,2-diol, ethoxylated - (25322-68-3)	No data available.	No data available.	No data available.	No data available.	No data available.

Carcinogen Data

CAS No.	Ingredient	Source	Value
25322-68-3	Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl),α-hydro-ω-hydroxy- Ethane-1,2-diol, ethoxylated	OSHA	Regulated Carcinogen: No;
		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No;
		IARC	No
		ACGIH	No Established Limit

Classification	Category	Hazard Description
Acute toxicity (oral)	---	Not Applicable
Acute toxicity (dermal)	---	Not Applicable
Acute toxicity (inhalation)	---	Not Applicable
Skin corrosion/irritation	---	Not Applicable
Serious eye damage/irritation	---	Not Applicable
Respiratory sensitization	---	Not Applicable
Skin sensitization	---	Not Applicable

Germ cell mutagenicity	---	Not Applicable
Carcinogenicity	---	Not Applicable
Reproductive toxicity	---	Not Applicable
STOT-single exposure	---	Not Applicable
STOT-repeated exposure	---	Not Applicable
Aspiration hazard	---	Not Applicable

Possible routes of entry:
Inhalation, ingestion, skin contact, and skin absorption.
Symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:
No specific symptom data available.
No chronic toxicity or long term toxicity information available. Treat symptomatically.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity
No additional information provided for this product. See Section 3 for chemical specific data.
Aquatic Ecotoxicity

Ingredient	96 hr LC50 fish, mg/L	48 hr EC50 crustacea, mg/L	ErC50 algae, mg/L
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl),α-hydro-ω-hydroxy- Ethane-1,2-diol, ethoxylated - (25322-68-3)	> 100.00, Poecilla reticulata	> 100.00, Daphnia magna	> 100.00, Scenedesmus subspicatus

Persistence and degradability
There is no data available on the preparation itself.
Bioaccumulative potential
No available information
Mobility in soil
No available information
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
This product contains no PBT/vPvB/vPvM chemicals.
Other adverse effects

No available information

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods
Observe all federal, provincial and local regulations when disposing of this substance.

Section 14. Transport information

	US DOT (Domestic Surface Transportation)	IMO / IMDG (Ocean Transportation)	ICAO/IATA
UN number	Not Regulated	Not Regulated	Not Regulated
UN proper shipping name	Not Regulated	Not Regulated	Not Regulated
Transport hazard class(es)	Class: Not Applicable Sub Class: Not Applicable	Class: Not Applicable Sub Class: Not Applicable	Class: Not Applicable Sub Class: Not Applicable
Packing group	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable

Environmental hazards

IMDG Marine Pollutant: No;
Special precautions for user

No available information

Section 15. Regulatory information

Regulatory Overview	The regulatory data in Section 15 is not intended to be all-inclusive, only selected regulations are represented.

Classification of the substance or mixture under OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard (1910.1200) revised 2024 (GHS revision 7)

Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA)

CAS Number	Ingredient	Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA)	Comments	Status
0025322-68-3	Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl),α-hydro-ω-hydroxy- Ethane-1,2-diol, ethoxylated	Yes	XU	ACTIVE

The following flags are used:
•Active - indicates commercial status designation of active
•E - indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 5(e) Consent Order under TSCA.
•F - indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 5(f) Rule under TSCA.
•N - indicates a polymeric substance containing no free-radical initiator in its Inventory name but is considered to cover the designated polymer made with any free-radical initiator regardless of the amount used.
•P - indicates a commenced Premanufacture Notice (PMN) substance.
•R - indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 6 risk management rule under TSCA.
•S - indicates a substance that is identified in a final Significant New Uses Rule.
•SP - indicates a substance that is identified in a proposed Significant New Uses Rule.
•T - indicates a substance that is the subject of a final Section 4 test rule under TSCA.
•UVCB Chemical Substances of Unknown or Variable Composition, Complex Reaction Products and Biological Materials •XU - indicates a substance exempt from reporting under the Chemical Data Reporting Rule, (40 CFR 711).
•Y1 - indicates a polymer that has a number-average molecular weight greater than 1,000 and that was exempt under the 1984 polymer exemption rule.
•Y2 - indicates a polymer that is a polyester and that was exempt under the 1984 polymer exemption rule.

EPCRA 302 Extremely Hazardous:

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

EPCRA 313 Toxic Chemicals:

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

Proposition 65 - Carcinogens (>0.0%):

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxins (>0.0%):

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

Proposition 65 - Female Repro Toxins (>0.0%):

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting

under this statute.

Proposition 65 - Male Repro Toxins (>0.0%):
To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

Proposition 65 Label Warning:
This product contains no chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

New Jersey RTK Substances (>1%) :
To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

Pennsylvania RTK Substances (>1%) :
To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

OSHA Process Safety Management Standard Highly Hazardous Chemicals, Toxics and Reactives:
To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

US EPA List of Regulated Substances under the Risk Management Plan (RMP) Program:
To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

US EPA Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA) under the Minimum Risk Exemption:
To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

U.S. - DEA List II or Essential Chemicals:
To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

U.S. - DEA - Exempt Chemical Mixtures - List 1 and 2:

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

US DHS Chemical Facility Anti-Terrorism Standards (CFATS):
To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

CERCLA Chemicals and RQs:
To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

Section 16. Other information

Revision Date 7 October, 2026

DISCLAIMER OF RESPONSIBILITY
The information on this SDS was obtained from sources which we believe are reliable. However, the information is provided without any warranty, express or implied, regarding its correctness. Some information presented and conclusions drawn herein are from sources other than direct test data on the substance itself. The conditions or methods of handling, storage, use and disposal of the product are beyond our control and may be beyond our knowledge. For this and other reasons, we do not assume damage or expense arising out of or in any way responsibility and expressly disclaim liability for loss, connected with handling, storage, use, or disposal of this product. If the product is used as a component in another product, this SDS information may not be applicable.

The full text of the phrases appearing in section 3 is:

Not Applicable

End of Document