

1. Identification

1.1. Product identifier DL-Methionine, Feed Grade 99%

CAS-No. 59-51-8

1.2. Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Relevant applications identified Feed additive

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company Silver Fern Chemical, Inc.

2226 Queen Anne Ave N

Seattle WA 98109

Customer Service 206-282-3376 / 866-282-3384

Fax 206-282-0105

Email address info@silverfernchemical.com

1.4. 24 HOUR EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBERS:

Infotrac: 1-800-535-5053 (USA & Canada)

Outside USA & Canada 1-352-323-3500

2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation 29CFR 1910.1200

Remarks

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

2.2. Label elements

Statutory basis Classification according to Regulation 29CFR 1910.1200

Remarks Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

Contains DL-Methionine

The following percentage of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) with unknown acute toxicity: 99 %

2.3. Other hazards

Dust may form explosive mixture in air.

Inhalation No hazard expected in normal use.
Skin No hazard expected in normal use.
Eyes No hazard expected in normal use.



No hazard expected in normal use.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

• DL-Methionine >= 99%

CAS-No. 59-51-8

Remarks Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

Other information

This material is classified as not hazardous under OSHA regulations.

This product is intended for FDA regulated uses only.

4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation

In case product dust is released: Possible discomfort: cough, sneezing Move victims into fresh air.

Skin contact

No hazards which require special first aid measures.

Eye contact

Possible discomfort is due to foreign substance effect.

Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water keeping eyelid open.

In case of persistent discomfort: Consult an ophthalmologist.

Ingestion

Have the mouth rinsed with water.

After absorbing large amounts of substance:

Consult a physician.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

After absorbing large amounts of substance:

Possible discomfort: nausea, vomiting

Treatment of symptoms, administration of activated charcoal, acceleration of the gastro-intestinal tract.

5. Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Water, Foam, mist
Unsuitable extinguishing media: Carbon dioxide (CO2)

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

May be released in case of fire: hydrocyanic acid, flammable smouldering gases, NOX. sulphur oxides, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Contaminated fire-extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with the regulations issued by the appropriate local authorities.

Fire residues should be disposed of in accordance with the regulations.



In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear personal protective equipment. Keep unauthorized persons away.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Obey relevant local, state, provincial and federal laws and regulations. Do not contaminate any lakes, streams, ponds, groundwater or soil.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Absorb mechanically avoiding production of dust.

7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Take precautionary measures against static charges, keep away from sources of ignition.

Avoid dust formation.

Combustible

Storage

Store in a cool and shaded area.

Keep containers dry and tightly closed to avoid moisture absorption and contamination.

German storage class

11 - Combustible Solids

Dust explosion class

St1

Method: VDI Guideline 2263 sheet 1

Maximum rate of pressure rise: 88 bar/s

Standardized max. rate of pressure increase, KSt: 85bar·m/s

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

exposure limit for dust		
CAS-No.		
Control parameters type of exposure	3 mg/m3 Respirable fraction. Suitable measuring processes are: NIOSH method 0500 NIOSH method 0600	Time Weighted Average (TWA):(ACGIH)
Control parameters type of exposure	10 mg/m3 Inhalable particulate.	Time Weighted Average (TWA):(ACGIH)
Control parameters	15 mg/m3	Time Weighted Average (TWA) Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL):(OSHA Z1)
type of exposure	Total dust.	
Control parameters	5 mg/m3	Time Weighted Average (TWA) Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL):(OSHA Z1)



type of exposure Respirable fraction.

Suitable measuring processes are:

NIOSH method 0500 NIOSH method 0600

DNEL/DMEL values

Remarks No substance-related safety assessment is necessary / has been conducted

for this product.

PNEC values

Remarks No substance-related safety assessment is necessary / has been conducted

for this product.

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering measures

Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to control airborne exposure.

Take measures to prevent the build up of electrostatic charge.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection

A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 or applicable federal/provincial requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant respirator use. NIOSH's "Respirator Decision Logic" may be useful in determining the suitability of various types of respirators.

Hand protection

Glove material Nitrile, for example, Dermatril 740, Kächele-Cama Latex GmbH (KCL), Germany

Material thickness 0.11 mm Break through time 8 h

Method DIN EN 374

Glove material Natural rubber (NR), for example, Cama Clean 708, Kächele-Cama Latex GmbH (KCL),

Germany

Material thickness 0.5 mm Break through time 8 h

Method DIN EN 374

The above mentioned hand protection is based on knowledge of the chemistry and anticipated uses of this product but it may not be appropriate for all workplaces. A hazard assessment should be conducted prior to use to ensure suitability of gloves for specific work environments and processes prior to use.

Eye protection

Safety glasses with side-shields
If dust occurs: basket-shaped glasses

Skin and body protection

No special protective equipment required.

Hygiene measures

Wash face and/or hands before break and end of work.

Cleanse and apply cream to skin after work.

Protective measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

If there is the possibility of skin/eye contact, the indicated hand/eye/body protection should be used.

9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties



physical state solid

Colour white to light brown

Form solid

Odour characteristic

Odour Threshold <1 ppb

pH 5.6 - 6.1 (10 g/l) (25 °C)

Melting point/range 281 °C

decomposition

Boiling point/range not applicable

Flash point not applicable

solid

Evaporation rate No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) not highly flammable

Method: UN method N.1

Lower explosion limit dust: 30 g/m³

Upper explosion limit

No data available

Vapour pressure < 0.0000001 hPa

Method: calculated Modified Grain Method

Vapour density No data available

Relative vapour density no data available

Relative density No data available

Water solubility 33.5 g/l (25 °C)

Related to substance: pure substance

-1.87

Partition coefficient: n- log Pow:

octanol/water Related to substance: pure substance

Autoignition temperature 330 °C

Method: VDI Guideline 2263 sheet 1

(BAM-furnace)

Standard commercial product with characteristic grain size distribution is

normally flammable.

Thermal decomposition 215 °C

TG (thermal gravimetric analysis)

Viscosity, dynamic not applicable

9.2. Other information



Explosiveness Not to be expected in view of the structure

carbonisation point 210 °C

Bulk density 610 - 750 kg/m3

glow temperature > 400 °C

Method: VDI 2263

Minimum ignition energy > 10 mJ (140 °C)

Classification: Normal combustability
Method: VDI Guideline 2263 sheet 1

mean grain size: 48 μm

sieve fraction without inductance

maximum absolute explosive pressure

7.8 bar

Metal corrosion

no data available

speed of hydrolysis half-life period: 1 years (25 °C)

Burning number BZ 5 - burns out with flames or shower of sparks.

Method: VDI 2263

10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No further information available

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Dust can form an explosive mixture in air.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

See chapter

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

10.5. Incompatible materials

No further information available

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

No hazardous decomposition products known.

11. Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute oral toxicity NOEL Rat: 10000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity NOAEL Rat: 5.25 mg/l / 4 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403



Acute dermal toxicity no data available

Skin irritation Rabbit: 500 mg / 4 h

No skin irritation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 404

Eye irritation Rabbit: 100 mg

No eye irritation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

Sensitization Buehler Test Guinea pig: Does not cause skin sensitisation.

Method: OECD Test Guideline 406

no data available

Repeated dose toxicity Oral Rat

Testing period: 9 month
NOAEL: 700 mg/kg
Method: literature

Reversible effects during the application period on liver, spleen, pancreas,

Assessment of STOT single

exposure

Assessment of STOT repeat

exposure

Assessment: no data available

Risk of aspiration toxicity no data available

Gentoxicity in vitro Microorganisms, cell cultures

none mutagenic / genotoxic effects

Method: literature

Ames test Salmonella typhimurium

negative

Assessment:

Method: OECD TG 471

Carcinogenicity no data available

carcinogenicity assessment Contains no carcinogenic substances as defined by NTP, IARC and/or

OSHA.

Toxicity to reproduction 1 generation pharyngal probe Rat: in maternally non-toxic doses

NOEL (No Observed Effect 300 mg/kg

Level) of parents:

NOEL F1: 300 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 415

Human experience gastro-intestinal symptoms: nausea, vomiting

Side-effects were observed in the event of higher dosage (10 g)

Toxicological information on components

DL-Methionine

Acute oral toxicity LD50 Rat: > 10000 mg/kg

Method: literature No signs of toxicity occurred

Acute inhalation toxicity LC0 Rat(male/female): > 5.25 mg/l / 4 h



Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

limit test (maximum concentration attainable in experiments) - No deaths

occurred.

Acute dermal toxicity Assessment: no data available

Skin irritation Rabbit: 500 mg / 4 h

No skin irritation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 404

Eye irritation Rabbit: 100 mg

No eye irritation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

Sensitization Buehler Test Guinea pig: Does not cause skin sensitisation.

Method: OECD Test Guideline 406

Repeated dose toxicity Oral Rat

Testing period: 9 month
NOAEL: 700 mg/kg
Method: literature

Reversible effects during the application period on liver, spleen, pancreas,

Gentoxicity in vitro Microorganisms, cell cultures

none mutagenic / genotoxic effects

Method: literature

Ames test Salmonella typhimurium

negative

Method: OECD TG 471

Toxicity to reproduction 1 generation pharyngal probe Rat: in maternally non-toxic doses

NOEL (No Observed Effect 300 mg/kg

Level) of parents:

NOEL F1: 300 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 415 gastro-intestinal symptoms: nausea, vomiting

Side-effects were observed in the event of higher dosage (10 g)

12. Ecological information

Human experience

12.1. Toxicity

Toxicity to fish LC50 (Brachydanio rerio): > 3200 mg/l / 96 h

Method: OECD 203

NOEC (Brachydanio rerio): 3200 mg/l / 96 h

Method: OECD 203

Toxicity in aquatic NOEC Daphnia magna: 220 mg/l / 48 h

invertebrates Method: OECD TG 202

EC50 Daphnia magna: 324 mg/l / 48 h



Method: OECD TG 202

Toxicity to algae EC50 static test Desmodesmus subspicatus: > 1000 mg/l / 72 h

End point: Biomass Analytical monitoring: yes Method: OECD TG 201

EC50 static test Desmodesmus subspicatus: > 1000 mg/l / 72 h

End point: growth rate Analytical monitoring: yes Method: OECD TG 201

Toxicity to bacteria EC10 Pseudomonas putida: 2000 mg/l / 18 h

Method: UBA method

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability Result: rapidly biodegradable

Method: OECD TG 301 A

Biochemical Oxygen Demand 480 mg/g

(BOD) Concentration: (BOD5)

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation Iow

log Pow: see chapter 9

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility No data available

12.5. Other adverse effects

Further Information No further information available

13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Product

Waste must be disposed of in accordance with federal, provincial and local regulations.

Uncleaned packaging

Packaging material should be recycled or disposed of in accordance with federal, state and local regulations.

14. Transport information



Not dangerous according to transport regulations.

14.1. UN number: -14.2. UN proper shipping name: -14.3. Transport hazard class(es): -14.4. Packing group: -14.5. Environmental hazards (Marine pollutant):
14.6. Special precautions for user: Yes

Not dangerous according to transport regulations.

15. Regulatory information

US Federal Regulations

OSHA

If listed below, chemical specific standards apply to the product or components:

None listed

Clean Air Act Section (112)

If listed below, components present at or above the de minimus level are hazardous air pollutants:

None listed

CERCLA Reportable Quantities

If listed below, a reportable quantity (RQ) applies to the product based on the percent of the named component:

None listed

SARA Title III Section 311/312 Hazard Categories

The product meets the criteria only for the listed hazard classes:

No SARA Hazards

SARA Title III Section 313 Reportable Substances

If listed below, components are subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372:

None listed

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA)

If listed below, non-proprietary substances are subject to export notification under Section 12 (b) of TSCA:

None listed



Other US Federal Regulatory Information

Observe national regulations.

State Regulations

California Proposition 65

A warning under the California Drinking Water Act is required only if listed below:

None listed

International Chemical Inventory Status

Unless otherwise noted, this product is in compliance with the inventory listing of the countries shown below. For information on listing for countries not shown, contact the Product Regulatory Services Department.

Europe (EINECS/ELINCS) listed/registered USA (TSCA) listed/registered Canada (DSL) listed/registered Australia (AICS) listed/registered Japan (MITI) listed/registered Philippines (PICCS) listed/registered China listed/registered Switzerland not listed/registered

An employer using HMIS/NFPA labeling must through training ensure that its employees are fully aware of the hazards of the chemicals used.

HMIS Ratings

Health: 0
Flammability: 1
Physical Hazard: 0

16. Other information

Further information

Revision date 04/22/2015

Changes since the last version are highlighted in the margin. This version replaces all previous versions.



DISCLAIMER OF RESPONSIBILITY

The information on this SDS was obtained from sources which we believe are reliable. However, the information is provided without any warranty, expressed or implied, regarding its correctness. Some information presented and conclusions drawn herein are from sources other than direct test data on the substance itself. The conditions or methods of handling, storage, use and disposal of the product are beyond our control and may be beyond our knowledge. For this and other reasons, we do not assume responsibility and expressly disclaim liability for loss, damage, or expense arising out of or in any way connected with handling, storage, use, or disposal of this product. If the product is used as a component in another product, this SDS information may not be applicable.



Legend

ACC American Chemistry Council

ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygenists

ACS Advisory Committee on Sustainability

ADI Acceptable Daily Intake

ASTM American Society for Testing and Materials

ATP Adaptation to Technical Progress

BCF Bioconcentration factor
BOD Biochemical oxygen demand

c.c. closed cup
CAO Cargo Aircraft Only
Carc Carcinogen

CAS Chemical Abstract Services

CDN Canada

CEPA Canadian Environmental Protection Act

CERCLA Comprehensive Environmental Response – Compensation and Liability Act

CFR Code of Federal Regulations

CMR carcinogenic-mutagenic-toxic for reproduction

COD Chemical oxygen demand

DIN German Institute for Standardization
DMEL Derived minimum effect level

DNEL Derived infilling effect level
DOT Department of Transportation
EC50 half maximal effective concentration
EPA Environmental Protection Agency
ErC50 Reduction of Growth Rate
ERG Emergency Response Guide Book
FDA Food and Drug Administration

Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS)

GLP Good Laboratory Practice
GMO Genetic Modified Organism
HCS Hazard Communication Standard
HMIS Hazardous Materials Identification System
IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer
IATA International Air Transport Association

IBC Intermediate Bulk Container

ICAO-TI International Civil Aviation Organization- Technical Instructions

ICCA International Council of Chemical Association

ID Identification number

IMDGInternational Maritime Dangerous GoodsIUPACInternational Union of Pure and Applied ChemistryISOInternational Organization For Standardization

LC50 50 % Lethal Concentration

LD50 50 % Lethal Dose **L(E)C50** LC50 or EC50

LOAEL Lowest observed adverse effect level

LOEL Lowest observed effect level

MARPOL International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships

NFPA National Fire Protection Association
NOAEL No observed adverse effect level
NOEC no observed effect concentration
NOEL no observed effect level

o. c. open cup

OECD Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development

OEL Occupational Exposure Limit

OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration

PBT Persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic
PEC Predicted effect concentration
PNEC Predicted no effect concentration

RQ Reportable Quantity SDS Safety Data Sheet

STOT Specific Target Organ Toxicity

UN United Nations

vPvB very persistent, very bioaccumulative

VOC WHMIS WHO

volatile organic compounds Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System World Health Organization