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Section 1. Identification

Product Identity PRODUCT AM/M

Other means of identification Methanol/methyl acetate

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

See Technical Data Sheet.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company Name Silver Fern Chemical, Inc.

121 W. De La Guerra Street, Suite B Santa Barbara, CA 93101 USA

Customer Service: 1-866-282-3384 /

info@silverfernchemical.com

Website - www.silverfernchemical.com

24 hour Emergency

Telephone No.

Emergency telephone number

Infotrac: 1-800-535-5053

Outside USA & Canada +1-352-323-3500

Customer Service:

Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification of the substance or mixture under OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard (1910.1200) revised 2024 (GHS revision 7)

Flammable Liquid, category 2;H225 Highly Flammable liquid and vapor.

Acute toxicity(oral), category 3;H301 Toxic if swallowed.

Acute toxicity(dermal), category 3;H311 Toxic in contact with skin.

Acute toxicity(inhalation), category 3;H331 Toxic if inhaled.

Serious eye damage / eye irritation, category 2;H319 Causes serious eye irritation.



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Specific target organ toxicity, Single exposure category Causes damage to organs. Specific 1;H370 Target Organs: (central nervous system, eyes)

Label elements







Danger

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

H301 Toxic if swallowed.

H311 Toxic in contact with skin.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H331 Toxic if inhaled.

H370 Causes damage to organs.

[Prevention]

P210 Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, and other ignition sources - No smoking.

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P235 Keep cool.

P240 Ground, bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, light, equipment.

P242 Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 Take action to prevent static discharges.

P260 Do not breathe dust, fume, mist, vapors or spray.

P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection.

[Response]

P301+310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER, doctor or physician.

P302+352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P303+361+353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove, take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water, shower.

P304+340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305+351+338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P308+311 If exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER, doctor or physician.



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P311 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor, physician.

P330 Rinse mouth.

P337+313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.

P361+364 Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P370+378 In case of fire: Use extinguishing media listed in section 5 of SDS for extinction.

[Storage]

P403+233 Store in a well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P403+235 Store in a well ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 Store locked up.

[Disposal]

P501 Dispose of contents or container in accordance with local and national regulations.

Other hazards

This product contains no PBT/vPvB/vPvM chemicals.

This product contains no endocrine disrupting chemicals.

Does not contain component(s) that meet a 'definition' of per & poly fluoroalkyl substance (PFAS) per US or Canadian regulations.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

This product contains the following substances that present a hazard within the meaning of the OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard (1910.1200) revised 2024 (GHS revision 7).

Ingredient/Chemical Designations	Weight %	GHS Classification	Notes
Methanol CAS Number: 67-56-1 Synonyms: methanol (as methanol), METHYL ALCOHOL	40 - 60	Flammable Liquid, category 2;H225 Acute toxicity(inhalation), category 3;H331 Acute toxicity(oral), category 3;H301 Acute toxicity(dermal), category 3;H311 Specific target organ toxicity, Single exposure category 1;H370 C ≥ 10 % Specific target organ toxicity, Single exposure category 2;H371 3 % ≤ C < 10 %	No data available
Acetic acid, methyl ester CAS Number: 79-20-9 Synonyms: Methyl acetate	40 - 60	Flammable Liquid, category 2;H225 Serious eye damage / eye irritation, category 2;H319 Specific target organ toxicity, Single exposure category 3;H336	No data available

The actual concentration or concentration range is withheld as a trade secret.

^{*}PBT/vPvB - PBT, vPvM or vPvB-substance.

The full texts of the phrases are shown in Section 16.



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Section 4. First aid measures

Description of first aid measures

General In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air, keep patient warm and at rest. If breathing is irregular or

stopped, give artificial respiration. If unconscious, place in the recovery position

and obtain immediate medical attention. Give nothing by mouth.

Eyes Rinse with plenty of clean water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids

apart and seek medical attention.

Skin Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or

use a recognized skin cleanser.

Ingestion If chemical is swallowed, Call Physician Or Poison Control Center For Most Current Information. Ingestion is life threatening.

Never induce vomiting or give diluents (milk or water) to someone who is unconscious, having convulsions, or who cannot swallow.

Victims Of chemical exposure must be taken for medical attention. Rescuers should be taken for medical attention, if necessary. Take copy of label and SDS with victim to health professional.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Overview Acute: Severe irritation of the tissue that had contact with the product (skin, eyes, mucous membranes). Drowsiness, fatigue, confusion may be experienced after inhalation or ingestion of the material.

Chronic: Methanol is eliminated slowly from the body. Therefore repeated exposures may build up to toxic levels in body tissues. Animal studies shows long term exposures to Methanol damages the CNS, kidneys or liver, skin disorders, and birth defects.

Symptoms of Over Exposure by Route of Exposure: Methanol may be harmful if swallowed, inhaled, or injected into skin. Methanol can cause skin and eye



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irritation or damage. Methanol can be very irritating to mucous membranes and the respiratory tract.

Inhalation: Inhalation of Methanol vapors may lead to irritation of the nose and throat. Symptoms of overexposure may include dizziness, coughing, headache, dyspnea, lachrymation, nausea and vomiting. Exposure to high concentrations of this material vapor may cause unconsciousness or death.

Primary Routes of Entry: Inhalation, skin contact, eyes, ingestion.

Target Organs: CNS, eyes, circulatory and respiratory systems.

Contact With Skin or Eyes: Methanol is an eye and skin irritant. Splashes in the eye may cause eye irritation, redness, tearing, and temporary corneal damage or blindness.

Skin Absorption: Methanol is absorbed through the skin and may result in effects similar to inhalation exposure.

Ingestion: Ingestion of one to four ounces of Methanol can cause irreversible damage to the nervous system, blindness, or death. It cannot be made non-poisonous. Aspiration of the material into the lungs can cause chemical pneumonitis.

Injection: Injection of Methanol can lead to redness and irritation of the surrounding tissue. No chronic toxicity or long term toxicity information available. Treat symptomatically. See section 2 for further details.

Inhalation Toxic if inhaled. Causes damage to organs.

Eyes Causes serious eye irritation.
Skin Toxic in contact with skin.

Ingestion Toxic if swallowed.



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Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Dry chemical, foam or carbon dioxide.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous decomposition: High temperatures and fires may produce such toxic substances as carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, and other ignition sources - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed.

Keep cool.

Ground, bond container and receiving equipment.

Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, light, equipment.

Use only non-sparking tools.

Take action to prevent static discharges.

Do not breathe dust, fume, mist, vapors or spray.

Advice for fire-fighters

As with all fires, wear positive pressure, self-contained breathing apparatus, (SCBA) with a full face piece and protective clothing. Persons without respiratory protection should leave area. Wear SCBA during clean-up immediately after fire. No smoking.

ERG Guide No. 131

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8).



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Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet. Promptly remove soiled clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse.

Environmental precautions

Do not allow spills to enter drains or waterways.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Ventilate the area and avoid breathing vapors. Take the personal protective measures listed in section 8.

Contain and absorb spillage with non-combustible materials e.g. sand, earth, and vermiculite. Place in closed containers outside buildings and dispose of according to the Waste Regulations.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Wear all appropriate personal protective equipment specified in Section 8.2. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not inhale mist or vapor. NO SMOKING. If normal use of material presents a respiratory hazard, use only adequate ventilation or wear an appropriate respirator. Open containers slowly to control possible pressure release. Wash contaminated clothing and shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Incompatible materials: This substance is not compatible with strong oxidizing agents, acetyl bromide, alkylaluminum solutions, beryllium hydride, boron trichloride, with carbon tetrachloride and metals, chloroform and sodium or sodium hydroxide, cyanuric chloride, dichloromethane and air, diethylzinc, hydrogen and raney nickel catalyst. See section 2 for further details. - [Storage]

Specific end use(s)

No available information



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Section 8. Exposure controls / personal protection

Control parameters

Exposure Limits

CAS No.	Ingredient	Source	Value
67-56-1	Methanol	OSHA	200 ppm, 260 mg/m ³
		ACGIH	200 ppm 250 ppm
		NIOSH	TWA 200 ppm (260 mg/m³) STEL: 250 ppm (325 mg/m³) [skin]
79-20-9	Acetic acid, methyl ester	OSHA	TWA 200 ppm (610 mg/m³)
		ACGIH	200 ppm 250 ppm
		NIOSH	TWA 200 ppm (610 mg/m³) STEL: 250 ppm (760 mg/m³)

Exposure controls

Respiratory If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit they must

use the appropriate, certified respirators.

Eyes Protective safety glasses recommended

Skin Avoid skin contact. Protective gloves recommended.

Engineering Dravide adequate ventilation Where receased by pro-

Controls Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and any

vapor below occupational exposure limits suitable respiratory protection

must be worn.

Other Work Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands before eating, drinking,

Practices smoking or using toilet. Promptly remove soiled clothing and wash

thoroughly before reuse.

See section 2 for further details.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State Liquid



Color

Odor

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Colorless

Pungent

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Melting point / freezing pointNo available information

Initial boiling point and boiling range 57 °C (135 °F)
Flammability (solid, gas) Not Applicable

Upper/lower flammability or explosive Lower Explosive Limit: No available

limits information

Upper Explosive Limit: No available information

Flash Point - 3 °C (37.4 °F)

Auto-ignition temperatureNo available informationDecomposition temperatureNo available informationpHNo available information

Viscosity (cSt)

No available information

Solubility in Water

Miscible

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Log Pow

Kow)

Vapor pressure (Pa)No available informationRelative Density0.8260 [calculated]Vapor DensityNo available information

Evaporation rate (Ether = 1)No available informationOxidising propertiesNo available informationExplosive propertiesNo available information

Volatiles by Weight @ 21 °C 100%

Other information

No other relevant information.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

Hazardous Polymerization will not occur.

Chemical stability

Stable under normal circumstances.

Possibility of hazardous reactions Vapors may form explosive mixture with air. Hazardous polymerization will not occur.



Conditions to avoid

High temperatures, sources of ignition, hot surfaces, direct sunlight contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials

This substance is not compatible with strong oxidizing agents, acetyl bromide, alkylaluminum solutions, beryllium hydride, boron trichloride, with carbon tetrachloride and metals, chloroform and sodium or sodium hydroxide, cyanuric chloride, dichloromethane and air, diethylzinc, hydrogen and raney nickel catalyst.

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Hazardous decomposition products

High temperatures and fires may produce such toxic substances as carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Note: When no route specific LD50 data is available for an acute toxin, the converted acute toxicity point estimate was used in the calculation of the product's ATE (Acute Toxicity Estimate).

Ingredient	Oral LD50, mg/kg	Skin LD50, mg/kg	Inhalation Vapor LC50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Dust/Mist LC50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Gas LC50, ppm
Methanol - (67-56-1)	101.10, Rat - Category: 3	301.00, Rabbit - Category: 3	2.10, Rat - Category: 3	No data available.	No data available.
Acetic acid, methyl ester - (79-20-9)	6,482.00, Rat - Category: NA	> 2,000.00, Rat - Category: NA	No data available.	73.80, Rabbit - Category: NA	No data available.

Carcinogen Data

CAS No.	Ingredient	Source	Value		
67-56-1	Methanol	OSHA	Regulated Carcinogen: No;		
		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No;		
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No;		
		ACGIH	No Established Limit		
79-20-9	Acetic acid, methyl ester	OSHA	Regulated Carcinogen: No;		
		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No;		
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No;		



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CAS No.	Ingredient	Source	Value
		ACGIH	No Established Limit

Classification	Category	Hazard Description
Acute toxicity (oral)	3	Toxic if swallowed.
Acute toxicity (dermal)	3	Toxic in contact with skin.
Acute toxicity (inhalation)	3	Toxic if inhaled.
Skin corrosion/irritation		Not Applicable
Serious eye damage/irritation	2	Causes serious eye irritation.
Respiratory sensitization		Not Applicable
Skin sensitization		Not Applicable
Germ cell mutagenicity		Not Applicable
Carcinogenicity		Not Applicable
Reproductive toxicity		Not Applicable
STOT-single exposure	1	Causes damage to organs.
STOT-repeated exposure		Not Applicable
Aspiration hazard		Not Applicable

Possible routes of entry: No available information

Symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Acute: Severe irritation of the tissue that had contact with the product (skin, eyes, mucous membranes). Drowsiness, fatigue, confusion may be experienced after inhalation or ingestion of the material.

Chronic: Methanol is eliminated slowly from the body. Therefore repeated exposures may build up to toxic levels in body tissues. Animal studies shows long term exposures to Methanol damages the CNS, kidneys or liver, skin disorders, and birth defects.

Symptoms of Over Exposure by Route of Exposure: Methanol may be harmful if swallowed, inhaled, or injected into skin. Methanol can cause skin and eye irritation or damage. Methanol can be very irritating to mucous membranes and the respiratory tract.

Inhalation: Inhalation of Methanol vapors may lead to irritation of the nose and throat. Symptoms of overexposure may include dizziness, coughing, headache, dyspnea, lachrymation, nausea and vomiting. Exposure to high concentrations of this material vapor may cause unconsciousness or death.

Primary Routes of Entry: Inhalation, skin contact, eyes, ingestion.



Target Organs: CNS, eyes, circulatory and respiratory systems.

Contact With Skin or Eyes: Methanol is an eye and skin irritant. Splashes in the eye may cause eye irritation, redness, tearing, and temporary corneal damage or blindness.

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Skin Absorption: Methanol is absorbed through the skin and may result in effects similar to inhalation exposure.

Ingestion: Ingestion of one to four ounces of Methanol can cause irreversible damage to the nervous system, blindness, or death. It cannot be made non-poisonous. Aspiration of the material into the lungs can cause chemical pneumonitis.

Injection: Injection of Methanol can lead to redness and irritation of the surrounding tissue. No chronic toxicity or long term toxicity information available. Treat symptomatically.

Eyes Causes serious eye irritation. **Skin** Toxic in contact with skin.

Ingestion Toxic if swallowed.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

No additional information provided for this product. See Section 3 for chemical specific data.

Aquatic Ecotoxicity

Ingredient	96 hr LC50 fish,	48 hr EC50 crustacea,	ErC50 algae,
	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L
Methanol - (67-56-1)			
	15,400.00, Lepomis macrochirus	> 10,000.00, Daphnia magna	22,000.00, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata
Acetic acid, methyl ester - (79-20- 9)	300.00, Danio rerio	1,026.70, Daphnia magna	> 120.00, Desmodesmus subspicatus

Persistence and degradability

There is no data available on the preparation itself.



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Bioaccumulative potential

No available information

Mobility in soil

No available information

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This product contains no PBT/vPvB/vPvM chemicals.

Other adverse effects

No available information

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

Observe all federal, provincial and local regulations when disposing of this substance.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT (Domestic Surface	IMO / IMDG (Ocean	ICAO/IATA
	Transportation)	Transportation)	
UN number	UN1992	UN1992	UN1992
UN proper	UN1992,Flammable liquids,	Flammable liquids,	Flammable liquids,
shipping	toxic, n.o.s. (Methanol and	toxic, n.o.s. (Methanol	toxic, n.o.s.
name	methyl acetate),3,II	and methyl acetate)	(Methanol and methyl acetate)
Transport	Class:3	Class:3	Class:3
hazard class(es)	Sub Class:6.1	Sub Class:6.1	Sub Class:6.1
Packing	II	II	II
group		Drum Label(s)	

Environmental hazards

IMDG Marine Pollutant: No; **Special precautions for user**

No available information



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Section 15. Regulatory information

Regulatory Overview The regulatory data in Section 15 is not intended to be all-inclusive, only

selected regulations are represented.

Classification of the substance or mixture under OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard (1910.1200) revised 2024 (GHS revision 7)

Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA)

CAS Number	Ingredient	Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA)	Comments	Status
0000079-20-9	Acetic acid, methyl ester	Yes		ACTIVE
0000067-56-1	Methanol	Yes		ACTIVE

The following flags are used:

- •Active indicates commercial status designation of active
- •E indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 5(e) Consent Order under TSCA.
- •F indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 5(f) Rule under TSCA.
- •N indicates a polymeric substance containing no free-radical initiator in its Inventory name but is considered to cover the designated polymer made with any free-radical initiator regardless of the amount used.
- •P indicates a commenced Premanufacture Notice (PMN) substance.
- •R indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 6 risk management rule under TSCA.
- •S indicates a substance that is identified in a final Significant New Uses Rule.
- •SP indicates a substance that is identified in a proposed Significant New Uses Rule.
- •T indicates a substance that is the subject of a final Section 4 test rule under TSCA.
- •UVCB Chemical Substances of Unknown or Variable Composition, Complex Reaction Products and Biological Materials •XU indicates a substance exempt from reporting under the Chemical Data Reporting Rule, (40 CFR 711).
- •Y1 indicates a polymer that has a number-average molecular weight greater than 1,000 and that was exempt under the 1984 polymer exemption rule.
- •Y2 indicates a polymer that is a polyester and that was exempt under the 1984 polymer exemption rule.



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EPCRA 302 Extremely Hazardous:

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

EPCRA 313 Toxic Chemicals:

Methanol

Proposition 65 - Carcinogens (>0.0%):

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxins (>0.0%):

Methanol

Proposition 65 - Female Repro Toxins (>0.0%):

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

Proposition 65 - Male Repro Toxins (>0.0%):

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

Proposition 65 Label Warning:



WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including [Methanol], which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Mass RTK Substances (>1%):

Acetic acid, methyl ester

Methanol

New Jersey RTK Substances (>1%):

Acetic acid, methyl ester



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Methanol

Pennsylvania RTK Substances (>1%):

Acetic acid, methyl ester

Methanol

OSHA Process Safety Management Standard Highly Hazardous Chemicals, Toxics and Reactives:

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

US EPA List of Regulated Substances under the Risk Management Plan (RMP) Program:

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

US EPA Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA) under the Minimum Risk Exemption:

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

U.S. - DEA List II or Essential Chemicals:

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

U.S. - DEA - Exempt Chemical Mixtures - List 1 and 2:

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

US DHS Chemical Facility Anti-Terrorism Standards (CFATS):

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

EPCRA 311/312 Chemicals and RQs (lbs):

Methanol (5,000.00)

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Section 16. Other information

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DISCLAIMER OF RESPONSIBILITY

The information on this SDS was obtained from sources which we believe are reliable. However, the information is provided without any warranty, express or implied, regarding its correctness. Some information presented and conclusions drawn herein are from sources other than direct test data on the substance itself. The conditions or methods of handling, storage, use and disposal of the product are beyond our control and may be beyond our knowledge. For this and other reasons, we do not assume damage or expense arising out of or in any way responsibility and expressly disclaim liability for loss, connected with handling, storage, use, or disposal of this product. If the product is used as a component in another product, this SDS information may not be applicable.

The full text of the phrases appearing in section 3 is:

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

H301 Toxic if swallowed.

H311 Toxic in contact with skin.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H331 Toxic if inhaled.

H336 May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

H370 Causes damage to organs.

H371 May cause damage to organs.

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