## SILVER FERN CHEMICAL, INC.

# **Safety Data Sheet Calcium Hydroxide**

### **SECTION 1 - PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION**

#### 1.1 Product identifier

Product name: Calcium Hydroxide Synonym(s): Calcium dihydroxide

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

General use: Industrial and laboratory use only Uses advised against: None specified

### 1.3 Details of the supplier and of the safety data sheet

#### Manufacturer/Distributor

Silver Fern Chemical, Inc.

2226 Queen Anne Avenue North, Suite C

Seattle, WA 98109 USA

1-866-282-3384

Website - www.silverfernchemical.com; email address - info@silverfernchemical.com

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

+1-800-535-5053; Outside USA & Canada +1-352-323-3500

### **SECTION 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

#### 2.1 Classification of substance or mixture

Product definition: Substance

### Classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS) and Regulation EC No. 1272/2008

Skin irritation - Category 2 [H315] Eye damage - Category 1 [H318]

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure - Category 3; STOT SE 3 [H335]

Carcinogenicity - Category 1 [H350]

### 2.2 Label elements

### Hazard symbol(s):







Danger

Signal word: Hazard statement(s):

H315 - Causes skin irritation H318 - Causes serious and eve damage

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation H350 - May cause cancer by inhalation

#### **Precautionary statements**

[Prevention] P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

P261 - Avoid breathing dust.

P264 - Wash hands and other exposed skin areas thoroughly after handling.

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye protection.

[Response] P301 + P330 + P312 - IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.

P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P304 + P340 + P312 - IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

P308 + P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.

P321 - Specific treatment: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Refer to Section 4 of this SDS.

P332 + P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. P362 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

[Storage] P405 + P403 + P223 - Store locked up in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. [Disposal] P501 - Dispose of contents and containers in accordance with national and local regulations.

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### 2.3 Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC) or not covered by GHS

None as defined under 29 CFR 1910.1200.

### **SECTION 3 - COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

### 3.1 Substances

% by Weight	Ingredient	CAS Number	EC Number	Index Number	GHS Classification
> 99	Calcium hydroxide	1305-62-0	215-137-3		H315, H318, H335
< 0.1 - 0.5	Crystalline Silica	14808-60-7	238-878-4		H315, H319, H335, H350, H373

Contains <1.75% Calcium Carbonate (CAS #471-34-1), <0.55% Magnesium Oxide (CAS #1309-48-4), <0.10% Calcium Sulfate (CAS #7778-18-9).

There are no additional ingredients present in this product which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

#### 3.2 Mixtures

Not applicable

### **SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES**

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

**Inhalation:** If product dust causes respiratory irritation or distress, move the exposed person to fresh air immediately. If breathing is difficult or irregular, administer oxygen; if respiratory arrest occurs, start artificial respiration by trained personnel. If unconscious, maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If symptoms persist or if the victim feels unwell, seek medical attention.

**Eyes:** DO NOT RUB EYES. Immediately flush eyes with large amounts of water or saline solution for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do, after first 2 minutes and continue rinsing. Seek immediate medical attention, preferably from an ophthalmologist.

**Skin:** Flush skin with large amounts of water while removing contaminated clothing. Wash the affected area with soap and water followed by thorough rinsing. Wash contaminated clothing and shoes before reuse. Seek immediate medical attention for chemical burns. If irritation persists, seek medical attention.

**Ingestion:** Rinse mouth with water if the victim is conscious. Remove dentures if present. DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Vomiting may occur spontaneously. To prevent aspiration of material into the lungs, lay the victim on one side with the head lower than the waist. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person. Do not leave the victim unattended. Seek immediate medical attention.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

#### Potential health symptoms and effects

**Eyes**: Causes severe eye irritation and eye damage. Symptoms may include redness, swelling, pain, tearing, burns, blurred vision and permanent eye damage. May cause corneal injury and permanent visual impairment. Particulates may cause corneal abrasion.

**Skin:** Causes severe skin irritation with localized redness, itching, pain and discomfort. May cause skin sensitization, an allergic skin reaction that becomes evident upon re-exposure to this material. May be harmful if absorbed through the skin

**Inhalation:** Causes irritation of the nose, throat and respiratory system. Symptoms may include cough, sore throat, chest tightness and difficulty breathing. May cause chemical bronchitis.

**Ingestion:** Causes severe irritation of the gastrointestinal tract. Symptoms include nausea, vomiting, severe pain and diarrhea. May cause burns to the lips, tongue, mouth and digestive tract. May be harmful if swallowed.

**Chronic**: Persons with pre-existing skin disorders, eye problems or impaired respiratory function may be more susceptible to the effects of this substance. Prolonged and repeated skin contact may cause dermatitis. Crystalline silica is a known human carcinogen. Refer to Section 11.2.

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

### Advice to doctor and hospital personnel

Treat symptomatically and supportively.

### **SECTION 5 – FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable methods of extinction: Use extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable methods of extinction: None known.

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Closed containers may rupture due to the buildup of pressure when exposed to extreme heat. During emergency conditions overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent or may be delayed. Obtain medical attention.

Explosion hazards: This product is not considered to be an explosion hazard.

### 5.3 Advice to firefighters

Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure buildup and possible autoignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat. If possible, water contaminated by this material should be contained from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain to prevent environmental contamination.

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#### SECTION 6 – ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate non-essential personnel. Wear appropriate protective clothing and equipment designated in Section 8.2. Ventilate the area. Remove all sources of ignition. NO SMOKING. Clean up spills immediately.

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilled material or runoff and prevent contact with soil and entry into drains, sewers or waterways. Use water sparingly to minimize environmental contamination and reduce disposal requirements.

### 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Approach spill from upwind direction. DO NOT FLUSH SPILLS DOWN THE DRAIN. Cover drains and contain spill. Minimize dust generation During cleanup. Carefully collect material and place into an approved container for proper disposal. Observe possible material restrictions (Sections 7.2 and 10.5). Clean contaminated area with soap and water. Do not allow material or runoff from rinsing contaminated areas to enter floor drains or storm drains and ditches that lead to waterways. Dispose of material via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

### **SECTION 7 - STORAGE AND HANDLING**

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Wear all appropriate personal protective equipment specified in Section 8.2. Avoid dust generation and accumulation during storage and handling. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not inhale dust. NO SMOKING. If normal use of material presents a respiratory hazard, use only adequate ventilation or wear an appropriate respirator. Wash contaminated clothing and shoes thoroughly before reuse.

### Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Product does not present a fire or explosion hazard.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in dry, well-ventilated areas away from incompatible materials (see Section 10.5), food and drink. Transfer only to approved containers having correct labeling. *Hygroscopic material!* Keep container tightly closed to prevent moisture absorption. Protect containers from physical damage. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent spillage. Containers are hazardous when empty as they contain product residues. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Ventilate closed areas. Keep locked up and out of reach of children.

### 7.3 Specific end uses

Apart from the uses mentioned in Section 1.2, no other specific uses are stipulated.

### **SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION**

### 8.1 Control parameters

### Occupational exposure limit values

CAS Number	Ingredient	OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV	NIOSH
1305-62-0	Calcium hydroxide	5 mg/m³ TWA	5 mg/m³ TWA	5 mg/m³ TWA
14808-60-7	Crystalline Silica	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> %SiO2 <sup>+2</sup> TWA (resp dust) 30 mg/m <sup>3</sup> %SiO2 <sup>+2</sup> TWA (total dust)	0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA (resp dust)	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA (resp dust)

### 8.2 Exposure controls

**Engineering measures:** Technical measures and appropriate working operations should be given priority over the use of personal protective equipment. Use adequate ventilation. Local exhaust is preferable. Refer to Section 7.1.

**Individual protection measures:** Wear protective clothing to prevent repeated or prolonged contact with product. Protective clothing needs to be selected specifically for the workplace, depending on concentrations and quantities of hazardous substances handled. The chemical resistance of the protective equipment should be enquired at the representative supplier.

**Hygiene measures:** Facilities storing or using this material should be equipped with an eyewash station and safety shower. Change contaminated clothing. Preventive skin protection is recommended. Wash hands thoroughly after use, before eating, drinking, smoking or using the lavatory.

Eye/face protection: Wear safety glasses with unperforated side shields or protective splash goggles during use.

**Hand protection:** Wear Nitrile rubber gloves or those recommended by glove supplier for protection against materials in Section 3. Gloves should be impermeable to chemicals and oil. Breakthrough time of selected gloves must be greater than the intended use period.

**Skin protection:** Wear protective clothing. Wear protective boots if the situation requires.

Respiratory protection: Wear an approved filter type dust respirator when handling this product. Always use an approved respirator when vapor/aerosols exceed permissible exposure limits. Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a half-mask respirator with multi-purpose combination (US) or type ABEK (EN 14387) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU). Follow OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard EN 149.

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### Environmental exposure controls: Do not empty into drains.

PPE must not be considered a long-term solution to exposure control. PPE usage must be accompanied by employer programs to properly select, maintain, clean fit and use. Consult a competent industrial hygiene resource to determine hazard potential and/or the PPE manufacturers to ensure adequate protection.







### **SECTION 9 – PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Off-white solid or powder

Odor Odorless **Odor Threshold** No data available Molecular Weight 74.09 g/mol **Chemical Formula** Ca(OH)<sub>2</sub> 12.5 @ 25 °C pН **Melting Point** 580 °C (1.075 °F) **Boiling Point** No data available **Evaporation Rate** No data available Flammability (solid, gas) Non-flammable **Flash Point** Not applicable

Autoignition Temperature

Decomposition Temperature

Lower Explosive Limit (LEL)

Upper Explosive Limit (UEL)

Vapor Pressure

Vapor Density

No data available

Specific Gravity 2.2 - 2.7

Viscosity

No data available

Solubility in Water

1.65 g/l @ 20 °C

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Oxidizing Properties

Not applicable

Explosive Properties

Not applicable

Volatiles by Weight @ 21 °C 0%

9.2 Other Data

Bulk Density 220 - 690 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

### **SECTION 10 – STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

### 10.1 Reactivity

No special reactivity has been reported during normal conditions of handling and use.

### 10.2 Chemical Stability

This material is stable under recommended conditions of storage and handling. This material is hygroscopic (absorbs moisture from the air).

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Reacts exothermically with acids. Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Elevated temperatures, incompatible materials, dust generation and accumulation, exposure to moist air or water.

### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Strong acids, phosphorus, maleic anhydride, nitromethane, nitroethane, nitroparaffins, nitropropane, boron trifluoride, chlorine trifluoride, ethanol, fluorine, hydrogen fluoride, phosphorous pentoxide, some metals

### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Thermal decomposition products may include calcium oxide.

### **SECTION 11 – TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute oral toxicity LD<sub>50</sub>, rat: 7,340 mg/kg Acute inhalation toxicity

 $LC_{50}$ , rat: > 6.04 mg/kg, 4 h [literature]

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#### Acute dermal toxicity

LD<sub>50</sub>, rabbit: > 2,500 mg/kg [literature]

#### Skin irritation

Causes skin irritation.

#### Eye irritation

Causes severe eye irritation and serious eye damage.

#### Sensitization

No data available

### Carcinogenicity

May cause cancer by inhalation

### Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available

### Reproductive toxicity

No data available

### Specific organ toxicity - single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation.

#### Specific organ toxicity - repeated exposure

No data available

### **Aspiration hazard**

No data available

#### 11.2 Further information

Crystalline Silica (CAS #14808-60-7) is considered an inhalation hazard, and there may be a relationship between silicosis and certain cancers. IARC: Group 1 - Carcinogenic to humans; Monograph No. 68 [1997]; listed under Crystalline Silica inhaled in the form of quartz or cristobalite from occupational sources. ACGIH A2 Carcinogen - Suspected human carcinogen; NTP - Known to be a human carcinogen; NIOSH: Potential occupational carcinogen as defined by the OSHA carcinogen policy [29 CFR 1990]

The chronic health risks are associated with respirable crystalline silica particles of 3 - 4 µm over extended periods of time. Currently, there is a limited understanding of the mechanisms of quartz toxicity, including its mechanisms for lung carcinogenicity. Additional studies are needed to determine whether the cell transforming activity of quartz is related to its carcinogenic potential.

Prolonged inhalation of crystalline silica may result in *silicosis*, a disabling pulmonary fibrosis characterized by fibrotic changes and miliary nodules in the lungs, a dry cough, shortness of breath, emphysema, decreased chest expansion and increased susceptibility to tuberculosis. In advanced stages, symptoms include loss of appetite, pleuritic pain and total incapacity to work. Advanced silicosis may result in death due to cardiac failure or destruction of lung tissue.

Acute silicosis can occur after the repeated inhalation of very high concentrations of respirable crystalline silica over a short time period, sometimes as short as a few months. The symptoms may include progressive shortness of breath, fever, cough, weakness and weight loss. Acute silicosis is fatal.

Chronic silicosis, the most common form, can occur after many years (10 to 20 or more) of prolonged repeated inhalation of relatively low levels of airborne respirable crystalline silica dust. Simple silicosis is characterized by lung lesions less than 1 cm in diameter, primarily in the upper lung zones. Often, it is not associated with symptoms, detectable changes in lung function or disability; however, simple silicosis may be progressive and may develop into complicated silicosis. Complicated silicosis is characterized by lung lesions greater than 1 cm in diameter. Symptoms may include shortness of breath, cough and decreased lung function. Individuals with silicosis are at increased risk of adverse health effects such as tuberculosis, cancer, autoimmune disease and nephrotoxicity.

Advanced complicated silicosis can occur with prolonged repeated inhalation of high concentrations of respirable crystalline silica over a relatively short period. Lung lesions can appear within five years of initial exposure, and progression can be rapid. It can result in heart disease secondary to the lung disease and may lead to death.

No data is available regarding the mutagenicity or teratogenicity of this product, nor is there any available data that indicates that it causes adverse developmental or fertility effects.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

### **SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

### 12.1 Toxicity

This material is harmful to aquatic life. Large spills or discharges of this material may increase the alkalinity of aquatic systems to a pH >11, which may be fatal to aquatic life and soil micro-organisms.

**Toxicity to fish:** LC<sub>50</sub> - Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout), static test, 96 h: 50.6 mg/l

**Toxicity to aquatic invertebrates:** EC<sub>50</sub> - Daphnia magna (Water flea), static test, 48 h: 49.1 mg/l

**Toxicity to aquatic plants:** ErC<sub>50</sub> - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (Green algae), static test, 48 h: 184.6 mg/l

## 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Inorganic substances are not biodegradable. Methods for the determination of biodegradability are not applicable to inorganic substances.

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#### 12.3 Bioaccumulation potential

This material does not bioaccumulate.

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

The persistent, bioaccumulative or toxic (PBT) or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) assessment does not apply to inorganic substances.

### 12.6 Other effects

### Additional ecological information

Do not allow material to enter surface waters, wastewater or soil.

An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal.

### **SECTION 13 – DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized whenever possible. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should always comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

RCRA F-Series: No listings above the reportable threshold (de minimis) RCRA U-Series: No listings above the reportable threshold (de minimis)

### **SECTION 14 – TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION**

**Note:** Transportation information provided is for reference only. Customer is urged to consult 49 CFR 100 - 177, IMDG, IATA, EC, United Nations TDG and WHMIS (Canada) TDG information manuals for detailed regulations and exceptions covering specific container sizes, packaging materials and methods of shipping.

USA DOT (Ground Transportation) - Bulk and Non-bulk Not regulated for transport

IMO/IMDG (Water Transportation)

Not regulated for transport (Consult IMO regulations before transporting ocean bulk.)

ICAO/IATA (Air Transportation)

RID/ADR (Rail Transportation)

Not regulated for transport
Not regulated for transport

### **SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION**

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for substance or mixture

### U. S. Federal Regulations

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard: This material is classified as hazardous in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.200.

OSHA Process Safety Management Standard: This product is not regulated under OSHA PSM Standard 29 CFR 1910.119.

EPA Risk Management Planning Standard: This product is not regulated under EPA RMP Standard (RMP) 40 CFR Part 68.

EPA Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act: This product is not a registered Pesticide under the FIFRA, 40 CFR Part 150.

**Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA) Inventory:** The components of this product are listed on the TSCA Inventory. This material is not subject to TSCA 12(b) Export Notification.

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b)) and 1310.4(f)(2)) and Chemical Code Number

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) Lists 1 & 2, Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c)) and Code Number: Not listed

Department of Homeland Security (DHS) Chemical Facility Anti-Terrorism Standards (CFATS) Chemicals: Not listed

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA)

SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Categories

Causes skin irritation and serious eye damage May cause respiratory irritation May cause cancer when inhaled

**SARA 313 Information:** None of the chemicals in this product are subject to the reporting levels established by Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to Know Act of 1986.

**SARA 302/304 Extremely Hazardous Substance:** None of the components of this product exceed the threshold (de minimis) reporting levels established by these sections of Title III of SARA.

**SARA 302/304 Emergency Planning & Notification:** None of the components of this product exceed the threshold (de minimis) reporting levels established by these sections of Title III of SARA.

Comprehensive Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA): No components of the product exceed the threshold (de minimis) reporting levels for hazardous wastes established by CERCLA.

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#### Clean Air Act (CAA)

This product does not contain are Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) designated in CAA Section 112 (b).

This product does not contain Class 1 ozone depletors.

This product does not contain Class 2 ozone depletors.

### Clean Water Act (CWA)

This product does not contain Hazardous Substances listed under the CWA.

This product does not contain Priority Pollutants.

This product does not contain Toxic pollutants.

#### **U.S. State Regulations**

### California Prop 65, Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986

**WARNING:** This product may expose you to Crystalline Silica (airborne particles of respirable size), which is known to the state of California to cause cancer. For more information go to <a href="https://www.P65Warnings.ca.gov">www.P65Warnings.ca.gov</a>.

### Other U.S. State Inventories

Crystalline Silica (CAS #14808-60-7) is listed on the following State Hazardous Substance Inventories, Right-to-Know lists and/or Air Quality/Air Pollutants lists: CA, MA, MN, NJ, NY, PA, RI, TX, WI.

Calcium Hydroxide (CAS #1305-62-0) is listed on the following State Hazardous Substance Inventories, Right-to-Know lists and/or Air Quality/Air Pollutants lists: MA, NJ, PA, RI, WI.

#### Canada

### **WHMIS Hazard Classification**

Canadian National Pollutant Release Inventory (NPRI): None of the substances in this product are listed on the NPRI.

### **European Economic Community**

WGK, Germany (Water danger/protection): 1 (slightly hazardous to water)

#### **Global Chemical Inventory Lists**

Country	Inventory Name	Listed
Canada	Domestic Substance List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substance List (NDSL)	No
Europe	Inventory of New and Existing Chemicals (EINECS)	Yes
United States	Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA)	Yes
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)	Yes
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (KECI)	Yes
Philippines	Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes

<sup>\*</sup>Yes - All components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country.

### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

For this product a chemical safety assessment was not carried out.

### <u>SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION</u>

### **Hazardous Material Information System (HMIS)**

HEALTH	*	3
FLAMMABILITY		0
PHYSICAL HAZARD		Ó
PERSONAL PROTEC	TION	C

C = safety glasses, gloves, & apron

### **HMIS Hazard Rating Legend**

0 = Minimal 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate

3 = Serious 4 = Severe

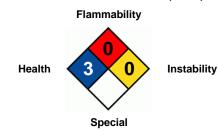
\* = Chronic Health Hazard

### NFPA Hazard Rating Legend

0 = Insignificant 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate

3 = High 4 = Extreme

#### National Fire Protection Association (NFPA)



### **Abbreviation Key**

ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists	$LD_Lo$	Lowest Lethal Dose
ADR	Accord Dangereux Routier (European regulations concerning	mppcf	Millions of Particles Per Cubic Foot
	the international transport of dangerous goods by road)		
CAS	Chemical Abstract Services	NA	North America
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations	NAERG	North American Emergency Response Guide Book
COC	Cleveland Open Cup	NIOSH	National Institute for Occupational Safety & Health
DOT	Department of Transportation	NTP	National Toxicology Program

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No - One or more components of this product are not on the inventory or are exempt from listing.

EC <sub>50</sub>	Half maximal effective concentration	OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration
EMS	Emergency Response Procedures for Ships Carrying	PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulating and Toxic
EPA	Environmental Protection Agency	PEL	Permissible exposure limit
ErC <sub>50</sub>	Reduction of Growth Rate	PMCC	Pensky-Martens Closed Cup
ERG	Emergency Response Guide Book	ppm	Parts Per Million
FDA	Food and Drug Administration	RCRA	Resource Conservation and Recovery Act
GHS	Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of	RID	Dangerous Goods by Rail
	Chemicals (GHS)		
HCS	Hazard Communication Standard	RQ	Reportable Quantity
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer	TCC/Tag	Tagliabue Closed Cup
IATA	International Air Transport Association	TLV	Threshold Limit Value
IC <sub>50</sub>	Half Maximal Inhibitory Concentration	TSCA	Toxic Substance Control Act
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization	TWA	Time-weighted Average
IDLH	Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health	UN	United Nations
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods	VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds
IMO	International Maritime Organization	vPvB	Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulating
LC <sub>50</sub>	50% Lethal Concentration	WHMIS	Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System
$LD_{50}$	50% Lethal Dose		

### **DISCLAIMER OF RESPONSIBILITY**

The information on this SDS was obtained from sources which we believe are reliable. However, the information is provided without any warranty, expressed or implied, regarding its correctness. Some information presented and conclusions drawn herein are from sources other than direct test data on the substance itself. The conditions or methods of handling, storage, use and disposal of the product are beyond our control and may be beyond our knowledge. For this and other reasons, we do not assume damage or expense arising out of or in any way responsibility and expressly disclaim liability for loss, connected with handling, storage, use, or disposal of this product. If the product is used as a component in another product, this SDS information may not be applicable.

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