Section 1. Identification

Product identifier

Product Identity	Glycolic Acid 99% (Tech Grade)
Other means of identification	Hydroxyacetic acid; hydroxyethanoic acid

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Used as disinfectant and disincrustant in water and milkhouse.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company Name	Silver Fern Chemical, Inc.
	121 W. De La Guerra Street, Suite B
	Santa Barbara, CA 93101 USA
	Customer Service: 1-866-282-3384 /
	info@silverfernchemical.com
	Website - www.silverfernchemical.com
Emergency	
24 hour Emergency	Emergency telephone number
Telephone No.	Infotrac: 1-800-535-5053; Outside USA & Canada +1-352-
	323-3500
Customer Service:	

Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

Emergency Overview

WARNING! MAY FORM COMBUSTIBLE DUST CONCENTRATIONS IN AIR (DURING PROCESSING)

Classification of the substance or mixture under OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard (1910.1200) revised 2024 (GHS revision 7)

Acute toxicity(inhalation), category 4;H332Harmful if inhaled.Skin corrosion/irritation category 1B;H314Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.



Serious eye damage / eye irritation, category 1;H318 Combustible Dust Causes serious eye damage.

May form combustible dust concentrations in air.

Label elements





Warning

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

May form combustible dust concentrations in air.

[Prevention]

P210 Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, and other ignition sources - No smoking.

P240 Ground, bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, light, equipment.

P260 Do not breathe dust, fume, mist, vapors or spray.

P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection.

[Response]

P303+361+353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove, take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water, shower.

P304+340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305+351+338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER, doctor or physician.

P312 Call a POISON CENTER, doctor or physician if you feel unwell.

P301+330+331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P378 Use alcohol resistant foam, CO_2 , powder, water spray for extinction. Do not use water jet.

[Storage]

P405 Store locked up.



[Disposal]

P501 Dispose of contents or container in accordance with local and national regulations.

Other hazards

This product contains no PBT/vPvB/vPvM chemicals. This product contains no endocrine disrupting chemicals. May form combustible dust concentrations in air.

Does not contain component(s) that meet a 'definition' of per & poly fluoroalkyl substance (PFAS) per US or Canadian regulations.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

This product contains the following substances that present a hazard within the meaning of the OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard (1910.1200) revised 2024 (GHS revision 7).

Ingredient/Chemical Designations	Weight %	GHS Classification	Notes
Glycolic acid	80 - 100	Acute toxicity(inhalation), category 4;H332	
CAS Number: 79-14-1		Skin corrosion/irritation category 1B;H314	No data available
Synonyms: Hydroxyacetic acid		Serious eye damage / eye irritation, category 1;H318	No data available
-			

The actual concentration or concentration range is withheld as a trade secret.

*PBT/vPvB - PBT, vPvM or vPvB-substance.

The full texts of the phrases are shown in Section 16.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of first aid measures

- **General** In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
- **Inhalation** Remove to fresh air, keep patient warm and at rest. If breathing is irregular or stopped, give artificial respiration. If unconscious, place in the recovery position and obtain immediate medical attention. Give nothing by mouth.
- **Eyes** Rinse with plenty of clean water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart and seek medical attention.



- **Skin** Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use a recognized skin cleanser.
- **Ingestion** If swallowed obtain immediate medical attention. Keep at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

- **Overview** No specific symptom data available. No chronic toxicity or long term toxicity information available. Treat symptomatically. See section 2 for further details.
- Inhalation Harmful if inhaled.
- **Eyes** Causes serious eye damage.
- Skin Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Recommended extinguishing media; alcohol resistant foam, CO₂, powder, water spray. Unsuitable extinguishing media: Do not use; water jet.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous decomposition: When heated, emits highly toxic and corrosive fumes of hydrogen compounds and hydrogen gas.

Explosion: Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard.

Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, and other ignition sources - No smoking. Ground, bond container and receiving equipment.

Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, light, equipment.

Do not breathe dust, fume, mist, vapors or spray.

Advice for fire-fighters

As with all fires, wear positive pressure, self-contained breathing apparatus, (SCBA) with a full face piece and protective clothing. Persons without respiratory protection should leave area. Wear SCBA during clean-up immediately after fire. No smoking.

Dust explosions are possible.

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Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8). Dust Deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration.

Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air).

Nonsparking tools should be used.

Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet. Promptly remove soiled clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse.

Environmental precautions

Explosion: Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard. Do not allow spills to enter drains or waterways.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Sweep or vacuum to clean up spills. Do not use any procedure which causes dispersion of dust into the air if any possibility of ignition exists. Dispose of in accordance with local, state and federal regulations.

Contain, dilute cautiously with water, and neutralize with soda ash or lime.



Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Handle containers carefully to prevent damage and spillage. Avoid dust generation when handling product to minimize dust explosion potential. See section 2 for further details. - [Prevention]

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed.

Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Routine housekeeping should be instituted to ensure that dusts do not accumulate on surfaces. Dry powders can build static electricity charges when subjected to the friction of transfer and mixing operations. Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding and bonding, or inert atmospheres. Incompatible materials: Metal, glass, stoneware, alkali and strong concentrated acids. See section 2 for further details. - [Storage]

Specific end use(s)

No available information

Section 8. Exposure controls / personal protection

Control parameters

Exposure Limits

CAS No.	Ingredient	Source	Value
79-14-1	Glycolic acid	OSHA	No Established Limit
		ACGIH	No Established Limit
		NIOSH	No Established Limit

The exposure limits for nuisance dust are: OSHA PEL: 15 mg/m³(50 mppcf*) TWA, ACGIH 10 mg/m³.



Exposure controls	Liss NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator, following manufacturaria
Respiratory	Use NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator, following manufacturer's recommendations when concentrations exceed permissible exposure limits.
Eyes	Wear safety glasses with side shields to protect the eyes. An eye wash station is suggested as a good workplace practice.
Skin	Chemical resistant clothing such as coveralls/apron and boots should be worn. Chemical impervious gloves required.
Engineering Controls	It is recommended that all dust control equipment such as local exhaust ventilation and material transport systems involved in handling of this product contain explosion relief vents or an explosion suppression system or an oxygen- deficient environment. Ensure that dust-handling systems (such as exhaust ducts, dust collectors, vessels, and processing equipment) are designed in a manner to prevent the escape of dust into the work area (i.e., there is no leakage from the equipment). Use only appropriately classified electrical equipment and powered industrial trucks.
Other Work Practices	Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet. Promptly remove soiled clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse.

See section 2 for further details.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State	Crystal Powder
Color	No available information
Odor	Mild, burnt sugar
Melting point / freezing point	No available information
Initial boiling point and boiling range	No available information
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not Applicable
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Lower Explosive Limit:Not determined
	Upper Explosive Limit:Not determined



Silver Fern Chemical, Inc. Safety Data Sheet Glycolic Acid 99% (Tech Grade)

Flash Point Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature pН Viscosity (cSt) Solubility in Water Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow) No available information Vapor pressure (Pa) **Relative Density Vapor Density**

Evaporation rate (Ether = 1) **Oxidising properties Explosive properties**

Other information No other relevant information. Does not flash Not determined No available information 0.1 (25°C,70% solution) No available information Miscible Not applicable No available information No information found

Not applicable No available information No available information

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

Hazardous Polymerization will not occur.

Chemical stability

Stable under normal circumstances.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

No available information

Conditions to avoid

Excessive heat and open flame.

Incompatible materials

Metal, glass, stoneware, alkali and strong concentrated acids.

Hazardous decomposition products

When heated, emits highly toxic and corrosive fumes of hydrogen compounds and hydrogen gas.



Section 11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Note: When no route specific LD50 data is available for an acute toxin, the converted acute toxicity point estimate was used in the calculation of the product's ATE (Acute Toxicity Estimate).

Ingredient	Oral LD50, mg/kg	Skin LD50, mg/kg	Inhalation Vapor LC50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Dust/Mist LC50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Gas LC50, ppm
Glycolic acid - (79-14-1)	2,040.00, Rat - Category: 5	No data available.	14.00 - Category: 4	No data available.	No data available.

Carcinogen Data

CAS No.	Ingredient	Source	Value
79-14-1	Glycolic acid	OSHA	Regulated Carcinogen: No;
		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No;
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No;
		ACGIH	No Established Limit

Classification	Category	Hazard Description
Acute toxicity (oral)		Not Applicable
Acute toxicity (dermal)		Not Applicable
Acute toxicity (inhalation)	4	Harmful if inhaled.
Skin corrosion/irritation	1B	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Serious eye damage/irritation	1	Causes serious eye damage.
Respiratory sensitization		Not Applicable
Skin sensitization		Not Applicable
Germ cell mutagenicity		Not Applicable
Carcinogenicity		Not Applicable
Reproductive toxicity		Not Applicable
STOT-single exposure		Not Applicable
STOT-repeated exposure		Not Applicable
Aspiration hazard		Not Applicable

Possible routes of entry: No available information



Symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

No specific symptom data available.

No chronic toxicity or long term toxicity information available. Treat symptomatically.

- **Eyes** Causes serious eye damage.
- **Skin** Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

No additional information provided for this product. See Section 3 for chemical specific data.

Aquatic Ecotoxicity

Ingredient	96 hr LC50 fish,	48 hr EC50 crustacea,	ErC50 algae,
	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L
Glycolic acid - (79-14-1)	164.00, fathead minnow	No data available.	No data available.

Persistence and degradability

There is no data available on the preparation itself.

Bioaccumulative potential

No available information

Mobility in soil

No available information

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This product contains no PBT/vPvB/vPvM chemicals.

Other adverse effects

No available information

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

Observe all federal, provincial and local regulations when disposing of this substance.



Section 14. Transport information

DOT (Domestic Surface Transportation) **UN number** UN3265 **UN** proper UN3265, Corrosive liquid, shipping acidic, organic, n.o.s. name (Glycolic Acid),8,III Class:8 Transport hazard Sub Class:Not Applicable class(es) Ш Packing group

IMO / IMDG (Ocean Transportation) UN3265 Corrosive liquid, acidic, Corrosive liquid, organic, n.o.s. (Glycolic Acid) Class:8 Sub Class:Not Applicable Ш

ICAO/IATA

UN3265 acidic, organic, n.o.s. (Glycolic Acid) Class:8 Sub Class:Not Applicable Ш

Environmental hazards

IMDG Marine Pollutant: No: Special precautions for user

No available information

Section 15. Regulatory information

Regulatory The regulatory data in Section 15 is not intended to be all-inclusive, only **Overview** selected regulations are represented.

Classification of the substance or mixture under OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard (1910.1200) revised 2024 (GHS revision 7)



Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA)

CAS Number	Ingredient	Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA)	Comments	Status
0000079-14-1	Glycolic acid	Yes		ACTIVE

The following flags are used:

•Active - indicates commercial status designation of active

•E - indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 5(e) Consent Order under TSCA.

•F - indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 5(f) Rule under TSCA.

•N - indicates a polymeric substance containing no free-radical initiator in its Inventory name but is considered to cover the designated polymer made with any free-radical initiator regardless of the amount used.

•P - indicates a commenced Premanufacture Notice (PMN) substance.

•R - indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 6 risk management rule under TSCA.

•S - indicates a substance that is identified in a final Significant New Uses Rule.

•SP - indicates a substance that is identified in a proposed Significant New Uses Rule.

•T - indicates a substance that is the subject of a final Section 4 test rule under TSCA.

•UVCB Chemical Substances of Unknown or Variable Composition, Complex Reaction Products and Biological Materials •XU - indicates a substance exempt from reporting under the Chemical Data Reporting Rule, (40 CFR 711).

•Y1 - indicates a polymer that has a number-average molecular weight greater than 1,000 and that was exempt under the 1984 polymer exemption rule.

•Y2 - indicates a polymer that is a polyester and that was exempt under the 1984 polymer exemption rule.

EPCRA 302 Extremely Hazardous:

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

EPCRA 313 Toxic Chemicals:

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

Proposition 65 - Carcinogens (>0.0%):

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.



Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxins (>0.0%):

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

Proposition 65 - Female Repro Toxins (>0.0%):

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

Proposition 65 - Male Repro Toxins (>0.0%):

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

Proposition 65 Label Warning:

This product contains no chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Mass RTK Substances (>1%) :

(No Product Ingredients Listed)

New Jersey RTK Substances (>1%) :

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

Pennsylvania RTK Substances (>1%) :

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

OSHA Process Safety Management Standard Highly Hazardous Chemicals, Toxics and Reactives:

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

US EPA List of Regulated Substances under the Risk Management Plan (RMP) Program:

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.



US EPA Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA) under the Minimum Risk Exemption:

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

U.S. - DEA List II or Essential Chemicals:

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

U.S. - DEA - Exempt Chemical Mixtures - List 1 and 2:

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

US DHS Chemical Facility Anti-Terrorism Standards (CFATS):

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

EPCRA 311/312 Chemicals and RQs:

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

Section 16. Other information

Revision Date

05/30/2025

DISCLAIMER OF RESPONSIBILITY

The information on this SDS was obtained from sources which we believe are reliable. However, the information is provided without any warranty, express or implied, regarding its correctness. Some information presented and conclusions drawn herein are from sources other than direct test data on the substance itself. The conditions or methods of handling, storage, use and disposal of the product are beyond our control and may be beyond our knowledge. For this and other reasons, we do not assume damage or expense arising out of or in any way responsibility and expressly disclaim liability for loss, connected with handling, storage, use, or disposal of this product. If the product is used as a component in another product, this SDS information may not be applicable.



Refer to NFPA 654, Standard for the Prevention of Fire and Dust Explosions from the Manufacturing, Processing, and Handling of Combustible Particulate Solids, for safe handling.3

The full text of the phrases appearing in section 3 is:

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

End of Document